

StarWind Virtual SAN: Configuration Guide for [KVM], VSAN Deployed as a Controller Virtual Machine (CVM) using Web UI

2024

TECHNICAL PAPERS



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About StarWind

StarWind is a pioneer in virtualization and a company that participated in the development of this technology from its earliest days. Now the company is among the leading vendors of software and hardware hyper-converged solutions. The company's core product is the years-proven StarWind Virtual SAN, which allows SMB and ROBO to benefit from cost-efficient hyperconverged IT infrastructure. Having earned a reputation of reliability, StarWind created a hardware product line and is actively tapping into hyperconverged and storage appliances market. In 2016, Gartner named StarWind “Cool Vendor for Compute Platforms” following the success and popularity of StarWind HyperConverged Appliance. StarWind partners with world-known companies: Microsoft, VMware, Veeam, Intel, Dell, Mellanox, Citrix, Western Digital, etc.

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Introduction To Starwind Virtual San Cvm

StarWind Virtual SAN Controller Virtual Machine (CVM) comes as a prepackaged Linux Virtual Machine (VM) to be deployed on any industry-standard hypervisor. It creates a VM-centric and high-performing storage pool for a VM cluster. This guide describes the deployment and configuration process of the StarWind Virtual SAN CVM.

Starwind Vsan System Requirements

Prior to installing StarWind Virtual SAN, please make sure that the system meets the requirements, which are available via the following link:

<https://www.starwindsoftware.com/system-requirements>

Recommended RAID settings for HDD and SSD disks:

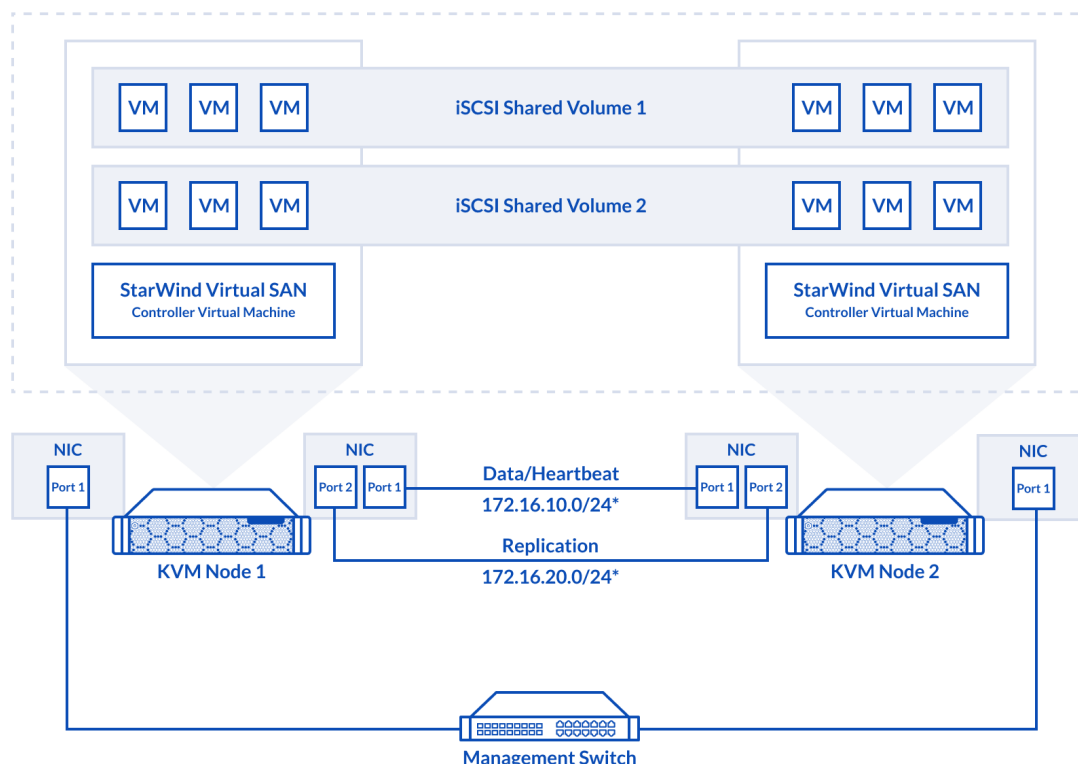
<https://knowledgebase.starwindsoftware.com/guidance/recommended-raid-settings-for-hdd-and-ssd-disks/>

Please read StarWind Virtual SAN Best Practices document for additional information:

<https://www.starwindsoftware.com/resource-library/starwind-virtual-san-best-practices>

Pre-Configuring The Kvm Hosts

The diagram below illustrates the network and storage configuration of the solution:



1. Make sure that a oVirt engine is installed on a separate host.
2. Deploy oVirt on each server and add them to oVirt engine.
3. Define at least 2x network interfaces on each node that will be used for the Synchronization and iSCSI/StarWind heartbeat traffic. Do not use iSCSI/Heartbeat and Synchronization channels

over the same physical link. Synchronization and iSCSI/Heartbeat links can be connected either via redundant switches or directly between the nodes (see diagram above).

4. Separate Logical Networks should be created for iSCSI and Synchronization traffic based on the selected before iSCSI and Synchronization interfaces. Using oVirt engine Networking page create two Logical Networks: one for the iSCSI/StarWind Heartbeat channel (iSCSI) and another one for the Synchronization channel (Sync).

5. Add physical NIC to Logical network on each host and configure static IP addresses. In this document, the 172.16.10.x subnet is used for iSCSI/StarWind heartbeat traffic, while 172.16.20.x subnet is used for the Synchronization traffic.

NOTE: In case NIC supports SR-IOV, enable it for the best performance. Contact support

for additional details.

Enabling Multipath Support

8. Connect to server via ssh.

9. Create file /etc/multipath/conf.d/starwind.conf with the following content:

```
devices{
    device{
        vendor "STARWIND"
        product "STARWIND*"
        path_grouping_policy multibus
        path_checker "tur"
        failback immediate
        path_selector "round-robin 0"
        rr_min_io 3
        rr_weight uniform
        hardware_handler "1 alua"
    }
}
```

10. Restart multipathd service.

```
systemctl restart multipathd
```

11. Repeat the same procedure on the other server.

Creating NFS share

1. Make sure that each host has free storage to create NFS share.

2. Enable nfs server and rpcbind services.

```
systemctl enable --now nfs-server rpcbind
```

3. Create directory for NFS share.

```
mkdir -p /mnt/nfs
```

4. Change rights and owner of the share to KVM

```
chmod 0775 /mnt/nfs/  
chown -R nobody:users /mnt/nfs/
```

5. Add NFS share to /etc/exports file.

```
vi /etc/exports  
/mnt/nfs/ *(rw,anonuid=36,anongid=36)
```

6. Restart NFS server service.

```
systemctl restart nfs-server
```

7. Check that share has been exported.

```
exportfs -rvv
```

8. Add firewall rules for NFS.

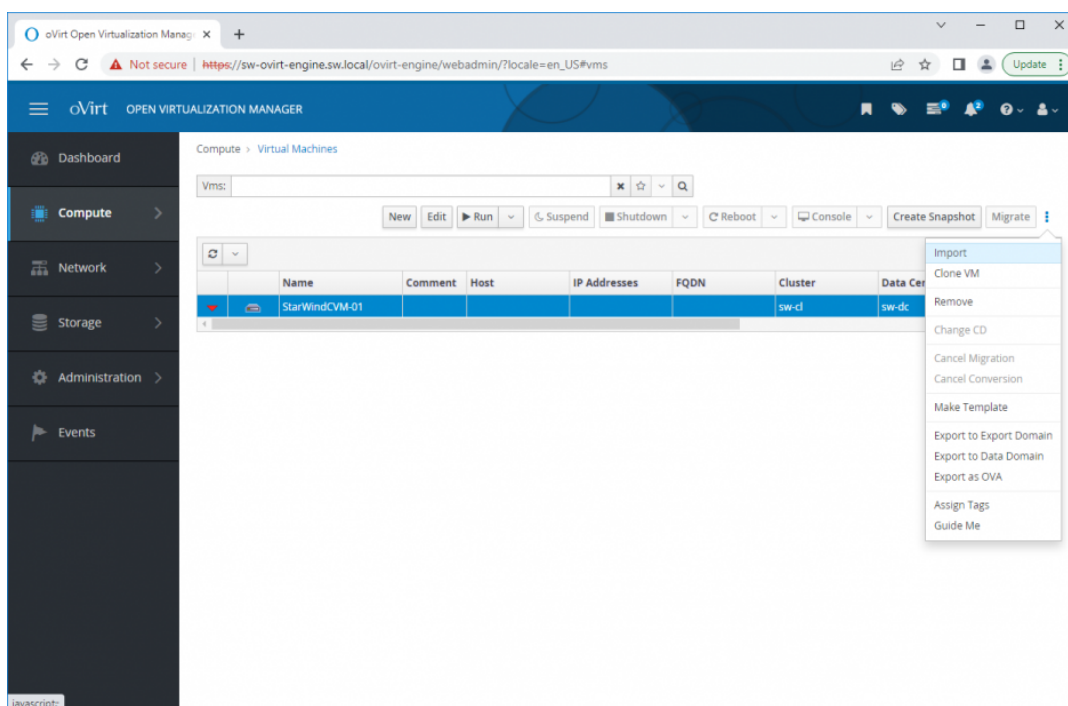
```
firewall-cmd --add-service={nfs,nfs3,rpc-bind} --permanent  
firewall-cmd --reload
```

Deploying Starwind Virtual San Cvm

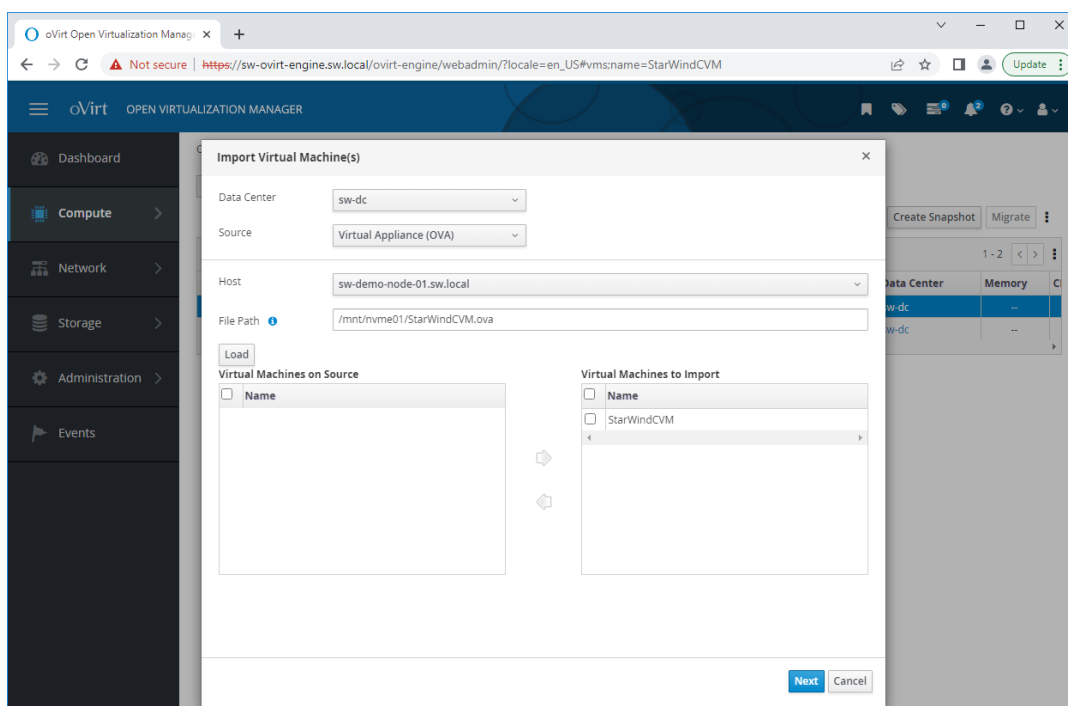
1. Download StarWind VSAN CVM KVM: [VSAN by StarWind: Overview](#)
2. Extract the VM StarWindCVM.ova file from the downloaded archive.
3. Upload StarWindCVM.ova file to the oVirt Host via any SFTP client.
4. Change owner of the StarWindCVM.ova.

```
chown -R nobody:users /mnt/nfs/
```

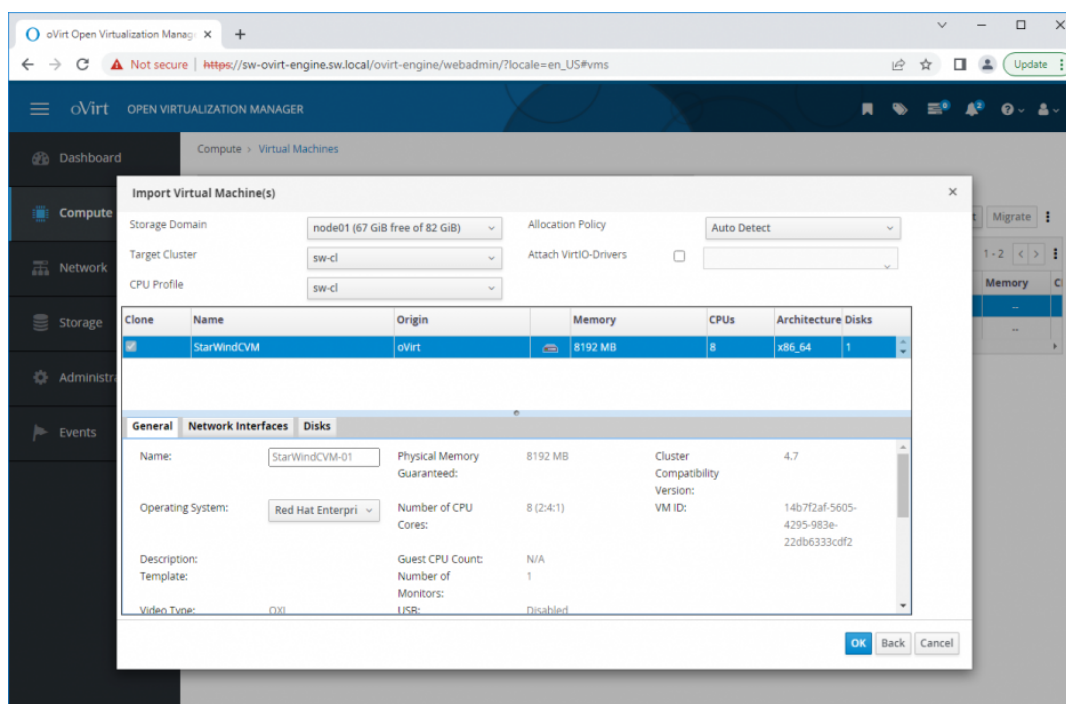
5. Login to oVirt and open Compute -> Virtual Machines page. Choose Import.



6. Specify path to .ova file and choose VM to import. Click Next.



7. Verify VM settings and configure networks. Click OK.



8. Repeat all the steps from this section on other oVirt hosts.

Initial Configuration Wizard

1. Start StarWind Virtual SAN CVM.
2. Launch VM console to see the VM boot process and get the IPv4 address of the Management network interface.
NOTE: in case VM has no IPv4 address obtained from a DHCP server, use the Text-based User Interface (TUI) to set up a Management network.
3. Using the web browser, open a new tab and enter the VM IPv4 address to open StarWind VSAN Web Interface. Click "Advanced" and then "Continue to..."



Your connection is not private

Attackers might be trying to steal your information from **192.168.12.206** (for example, passwords, messages, or credit cards). [Learn more](#)

NET:ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID

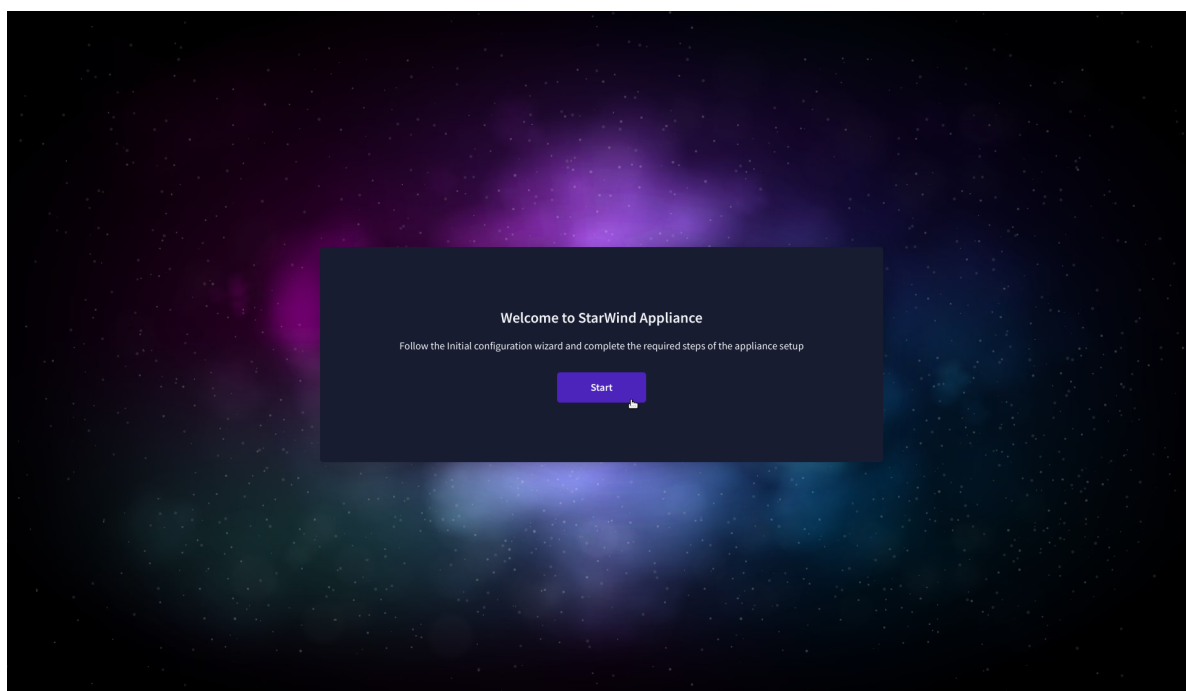
Hide advanced

Back to safety

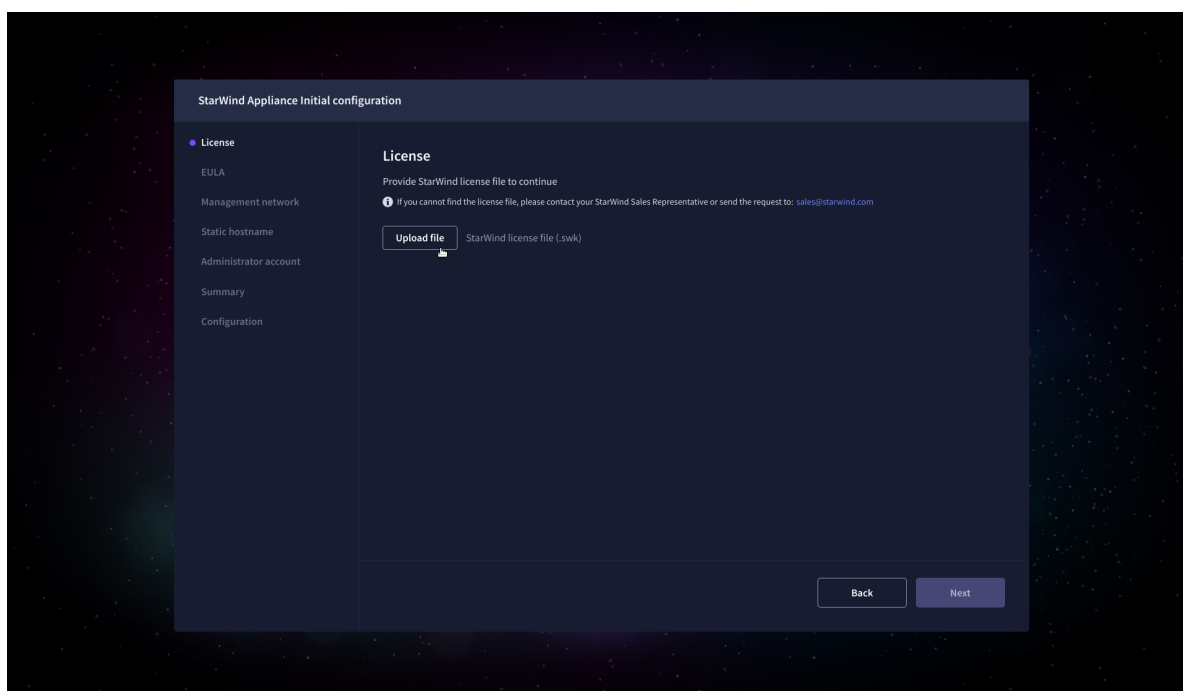
This server could not prove that it is **192.168.12.206**; its security certificate is not trusted by your computer's operating system. This may be caused by a misconfiguration or an attacker intercepting your connection.

[Proceed to 192.168.12.206 \(unsafe\)](#)

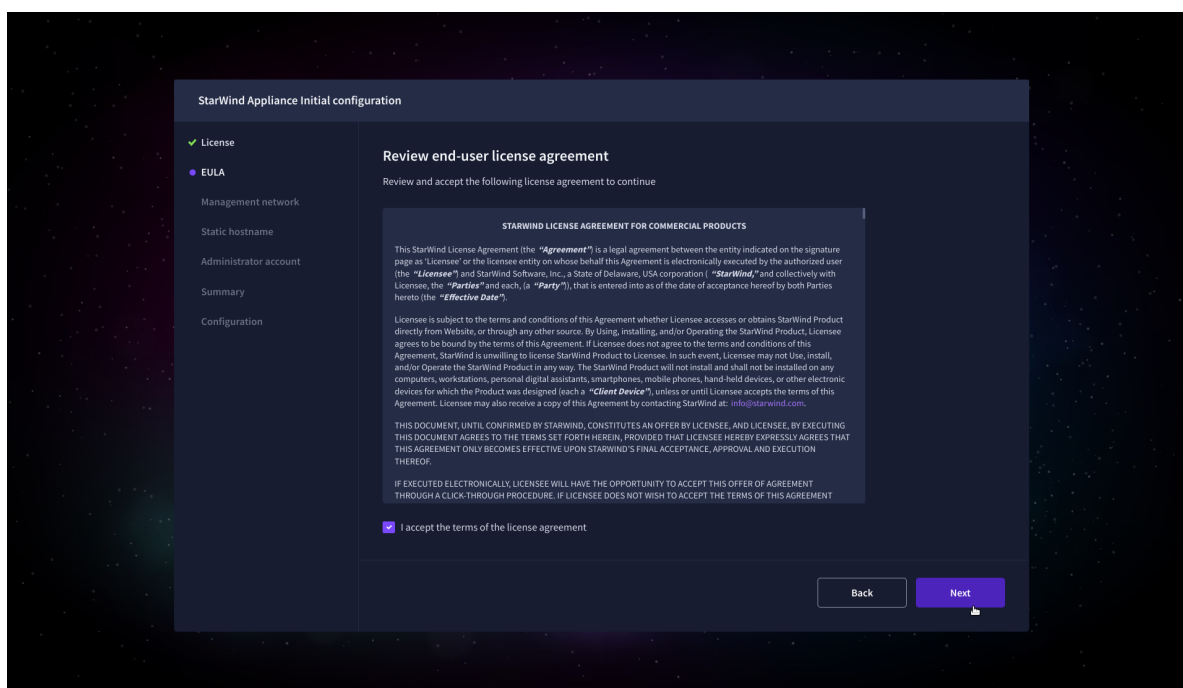
4. StarWind VSAN web UI welcomes you, and the “Initial Configuration” wizard will guide you through the deployment process.



5. In the following step, upload the license file.

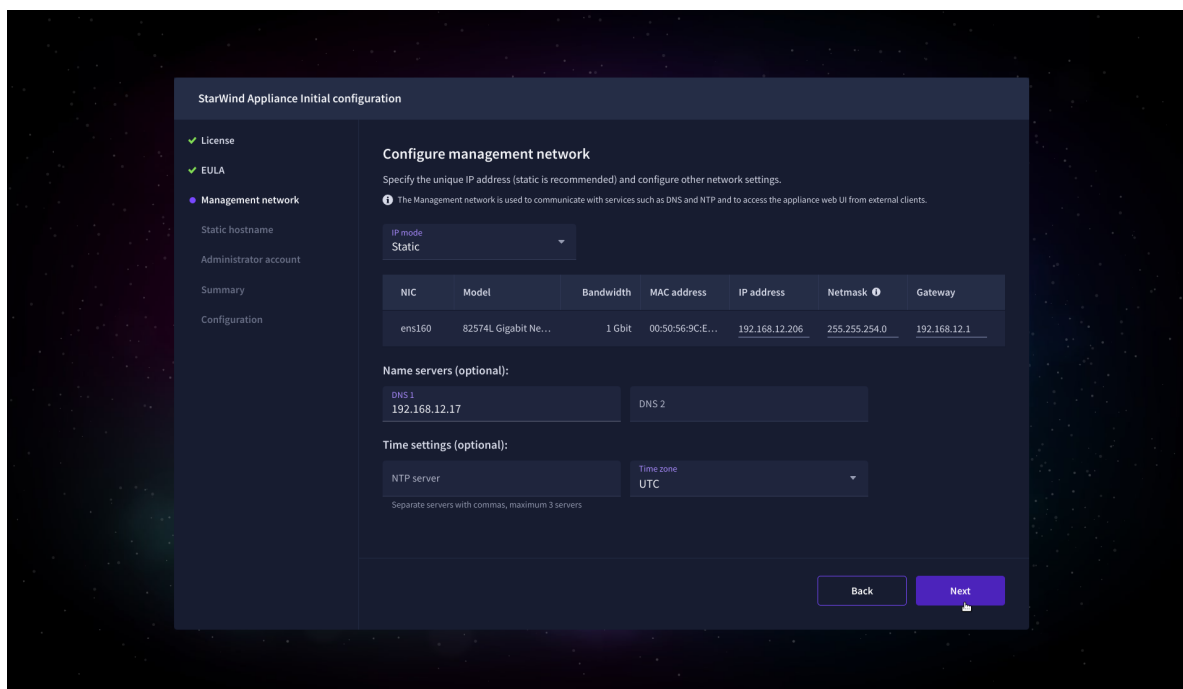


6. Read and accept the End User License Agreement to proceed.



7. Review or edit the Network settings and click Next.

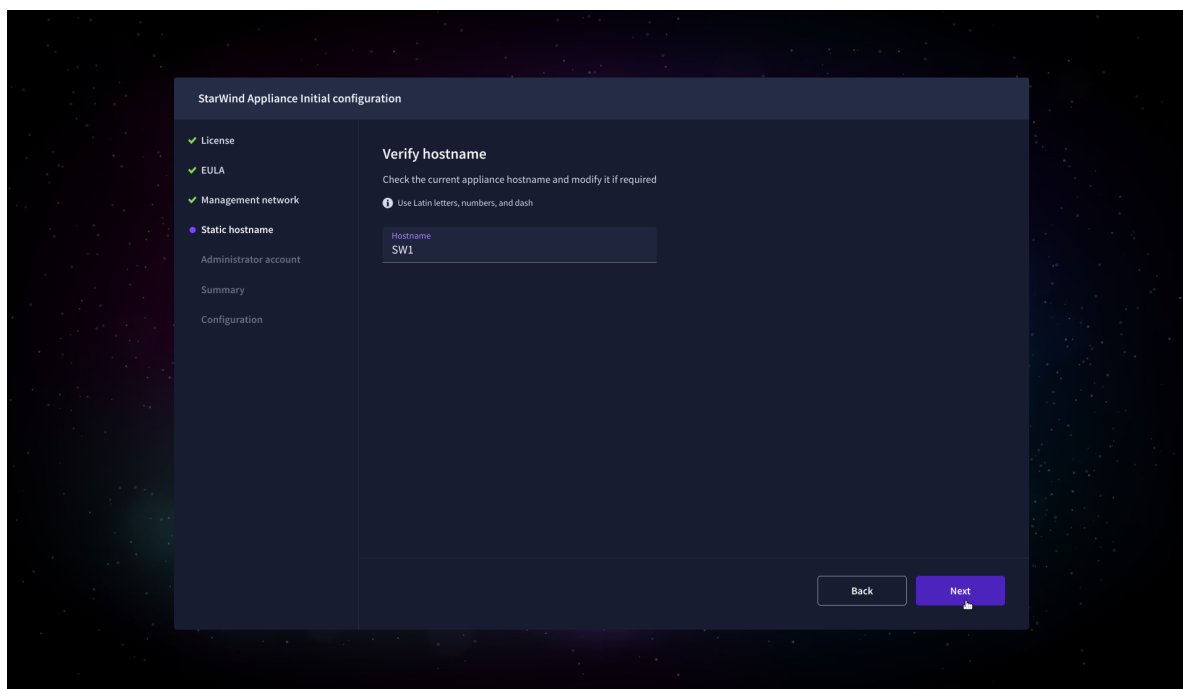
NOTE: Static network settings are recommended for the configuration.



The screenshot shows the 'StarWind Appliance Initial configuration' window. On the left sidebar, the 'Management network' step is selected. The main panel is titled 'Configure management network' and includes instructions to specify a unique IP address. A table lists network details for the 'ens160' interface. Below the table, there are optional fields for DNS servers and NTP settings. The 'Next' button is highlighted in blue.

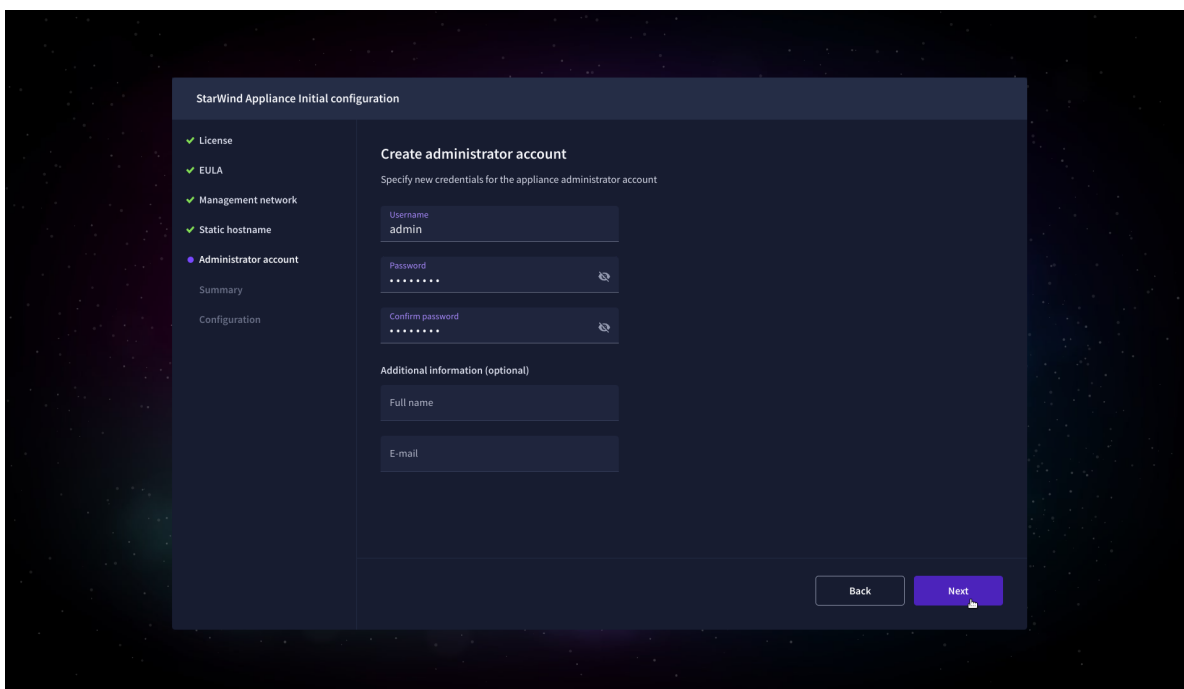
NIC	Model	Bandwidth	MAC address	IP address	Netmask	Gateway
ens160	82574L Gigabit Ne...	1 Gbit	00:50:56:9C:E...	192.168.12.206	255.255.254.0	192.168.12.1

8. Specify the hostname for the virtual machine and click Next.

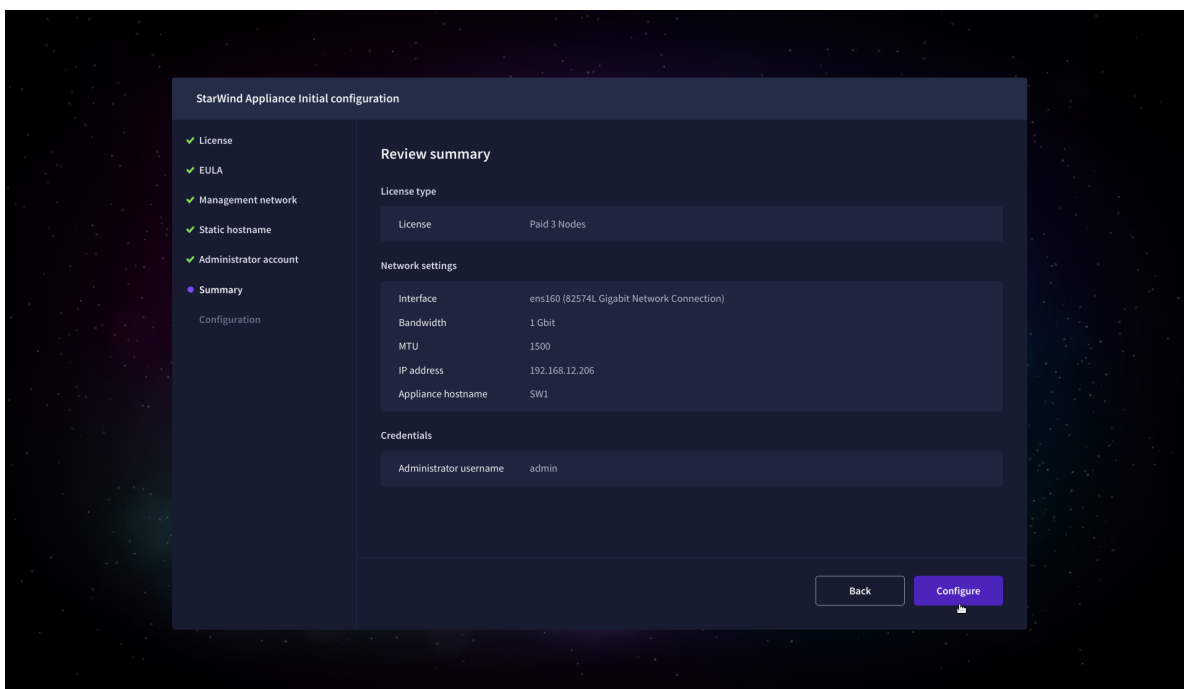


The screenshot shows the 'StarWind Appliance Initial configuration' window. On the left sidebar, the 'Static hostname' step is selected. The main panel is titled 'Verify hostname' and includes instructions to check the current appliance hostname. A text field shows the hostname 'SW1'. The 'Next' button is highlighted in blue.

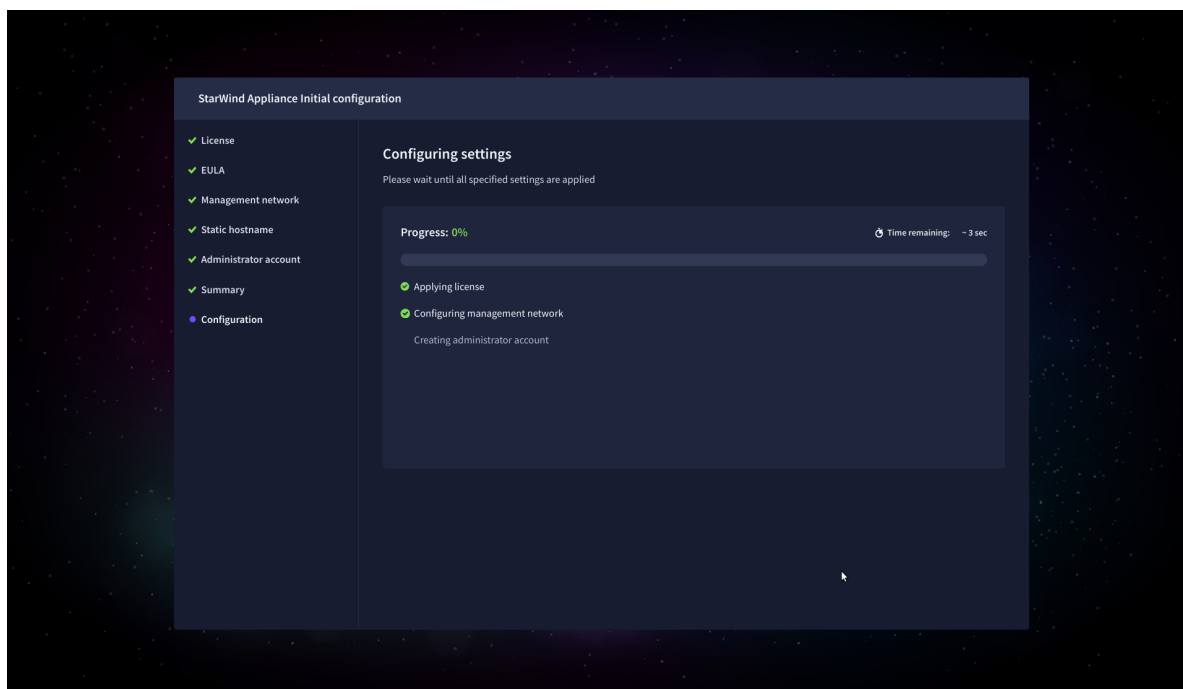
9. Create an administrator account. Click Next.



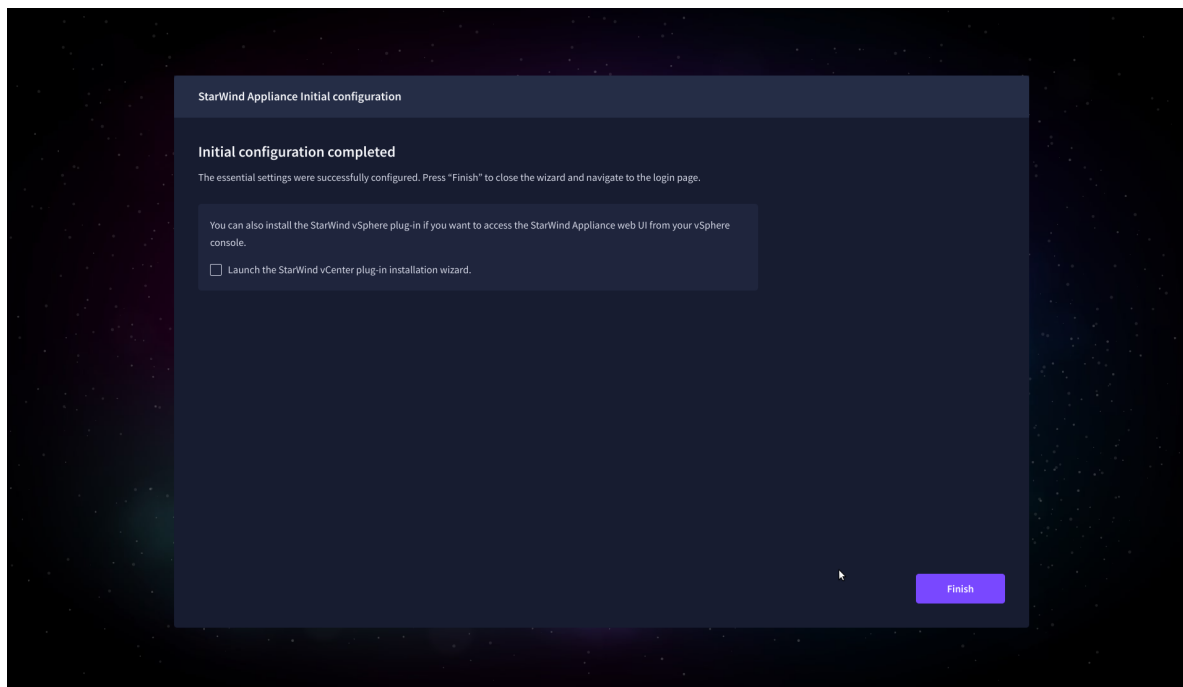
10. Review your settings selection before setting up StarWind VSAN.



11. Please standby until the Initial Configuration Wizard configures StarWind VSAN for you.



12. The appliance is set and ready. Click on the Done button to install the StarWind vCenter Plugin right now or uncheck the checkbox to skip this step and proceed to the [Login page](#).



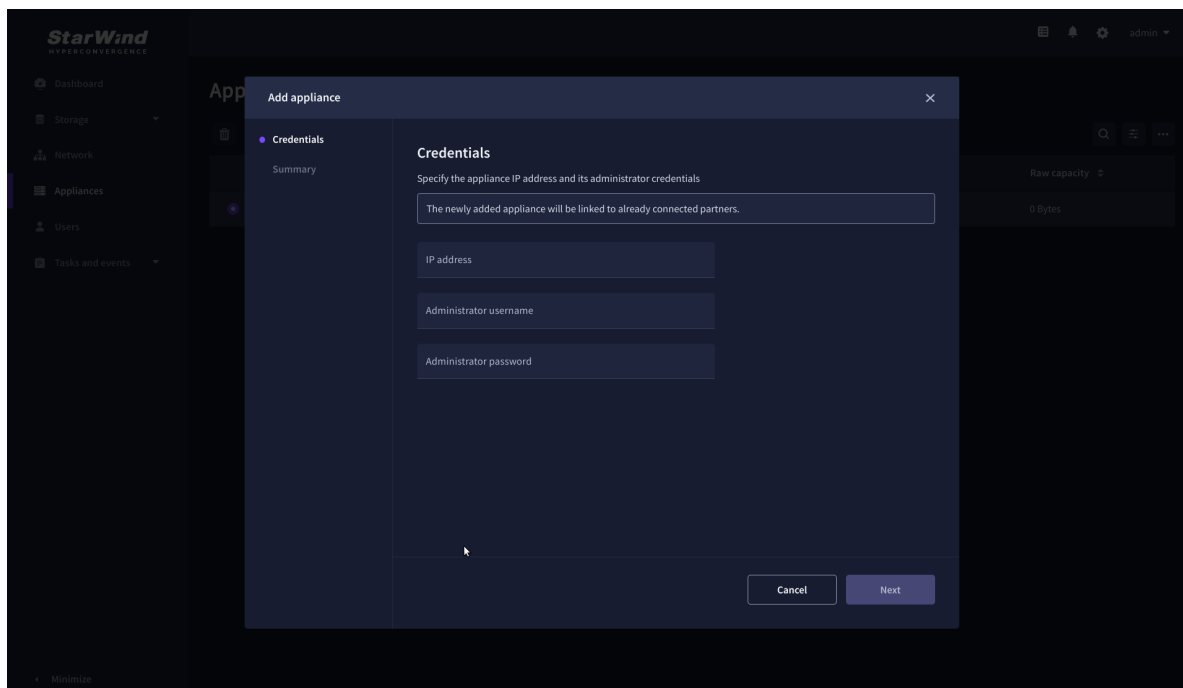
13. Repeat the initial configuration on other StarWind CVMs that will be used to create 2-node or 3-node HA shared storage.

Add Appliance

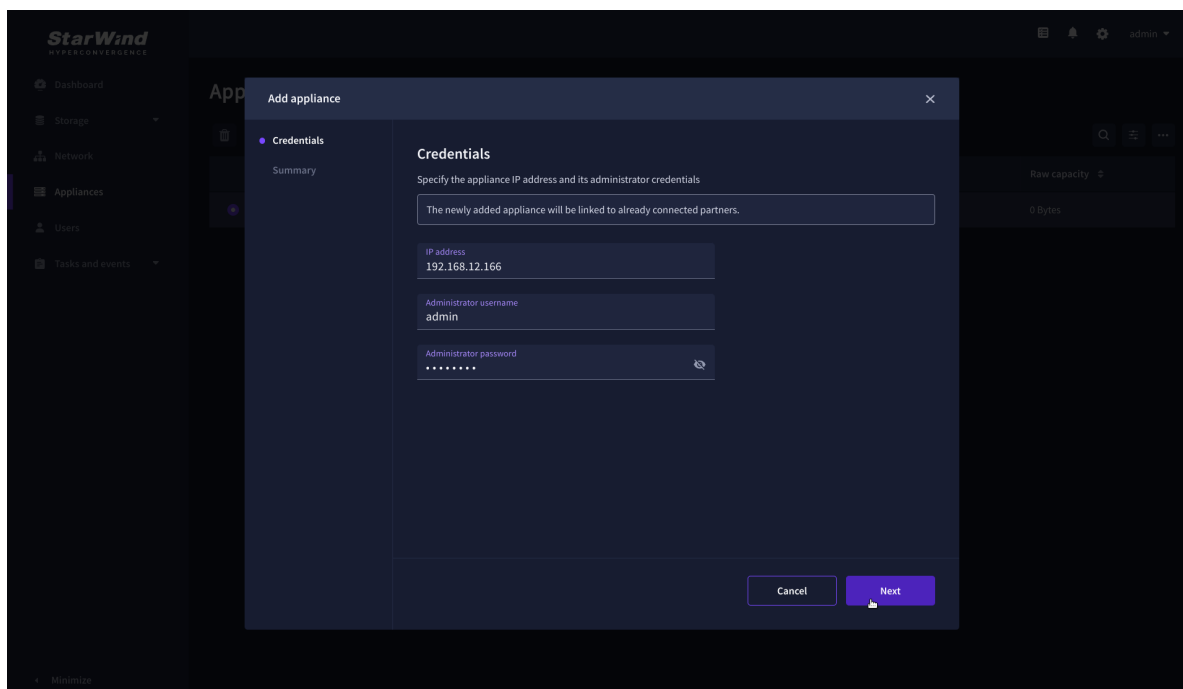
To create 2-way or 3-way synchronously replicated highly available storage, add partner appliances that use the same license key.

1. Add StarWind appliance(s) in the web console, on the Appliances page.

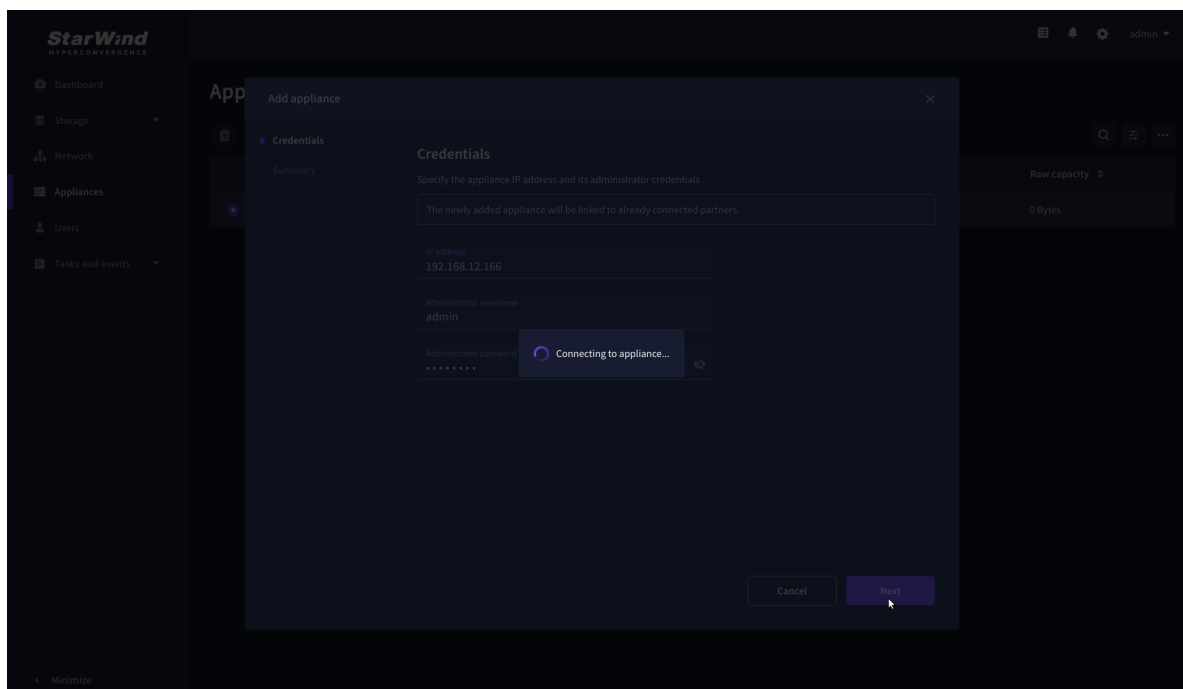
NOTE: The newly added appliance will be linked to already connected partners.



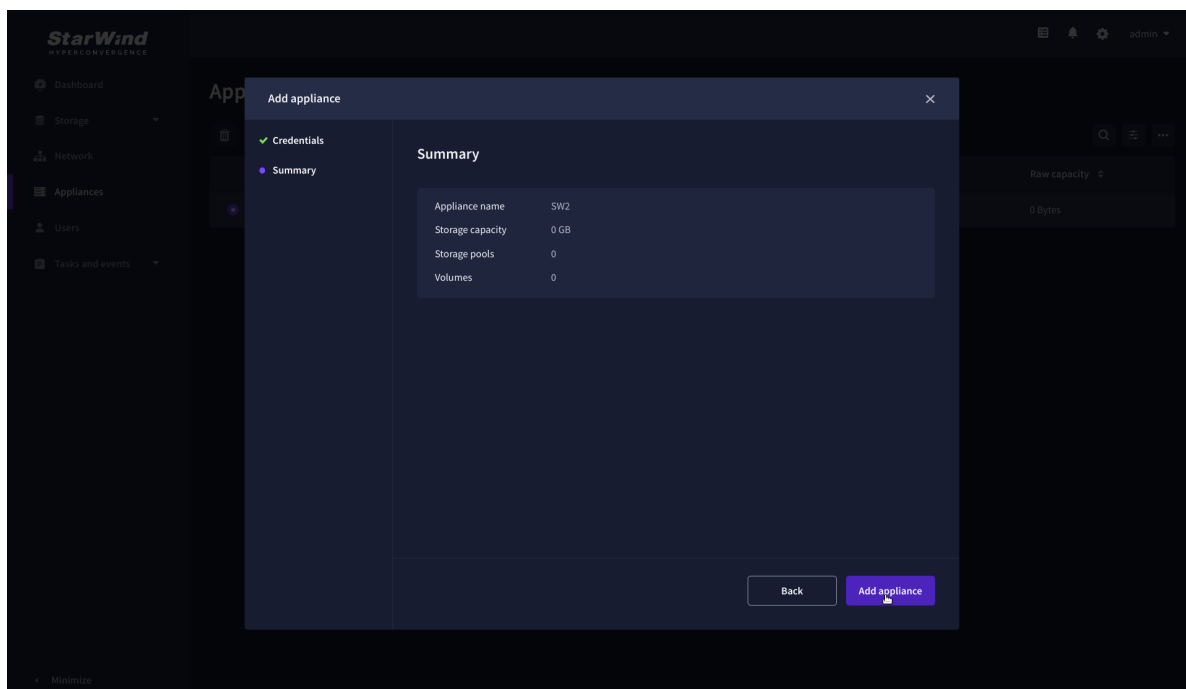
2. Provide credentials of partner appliance.



3. Wait for connection and validation of settings.

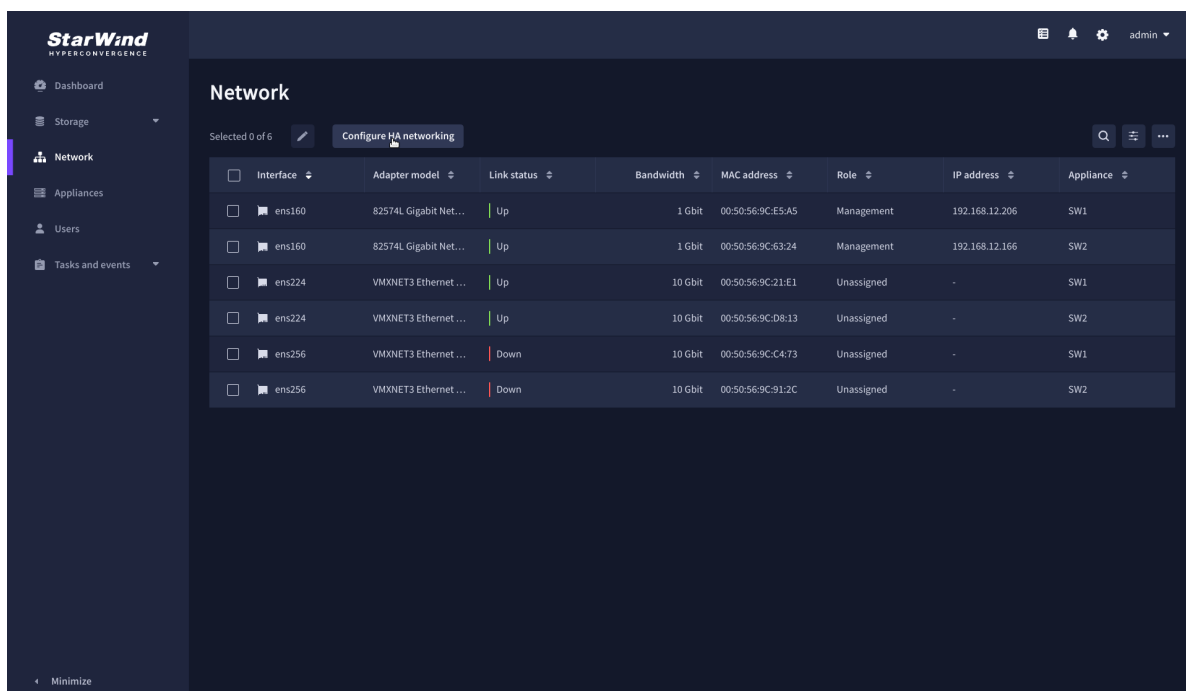


4. Review the summary and click “Add appliance”.



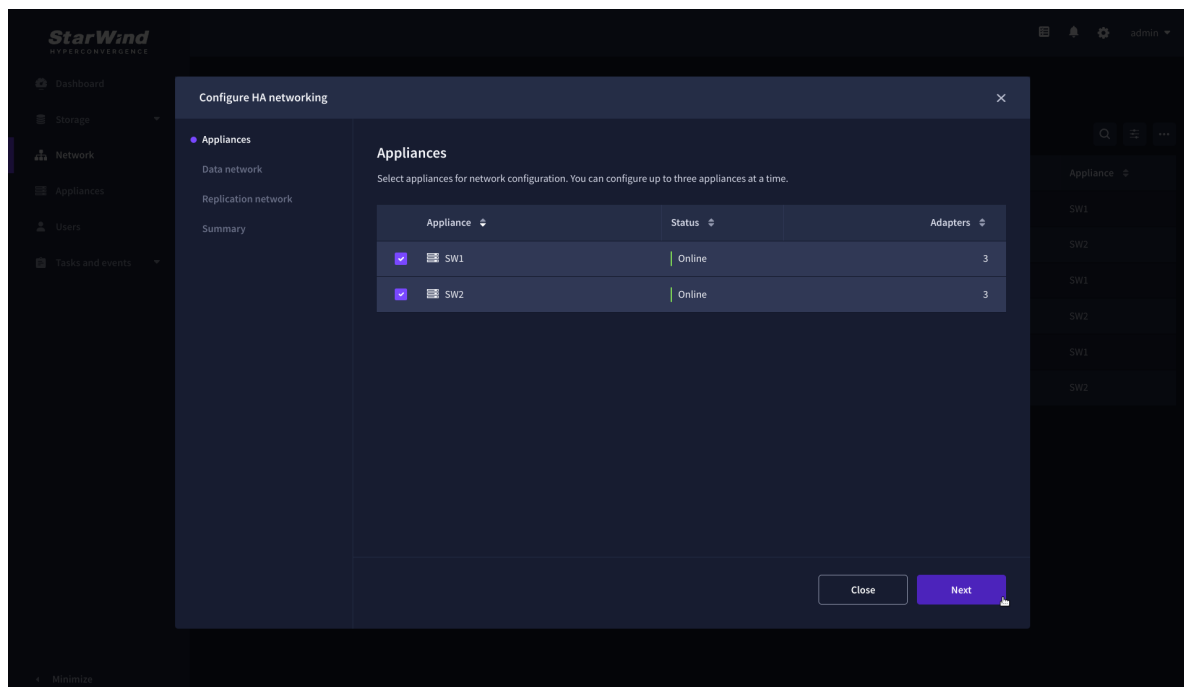
Configure Ha Networking

1. Launch the “Configure HA Networking” wizard.



2. Select appliances for network configuration.

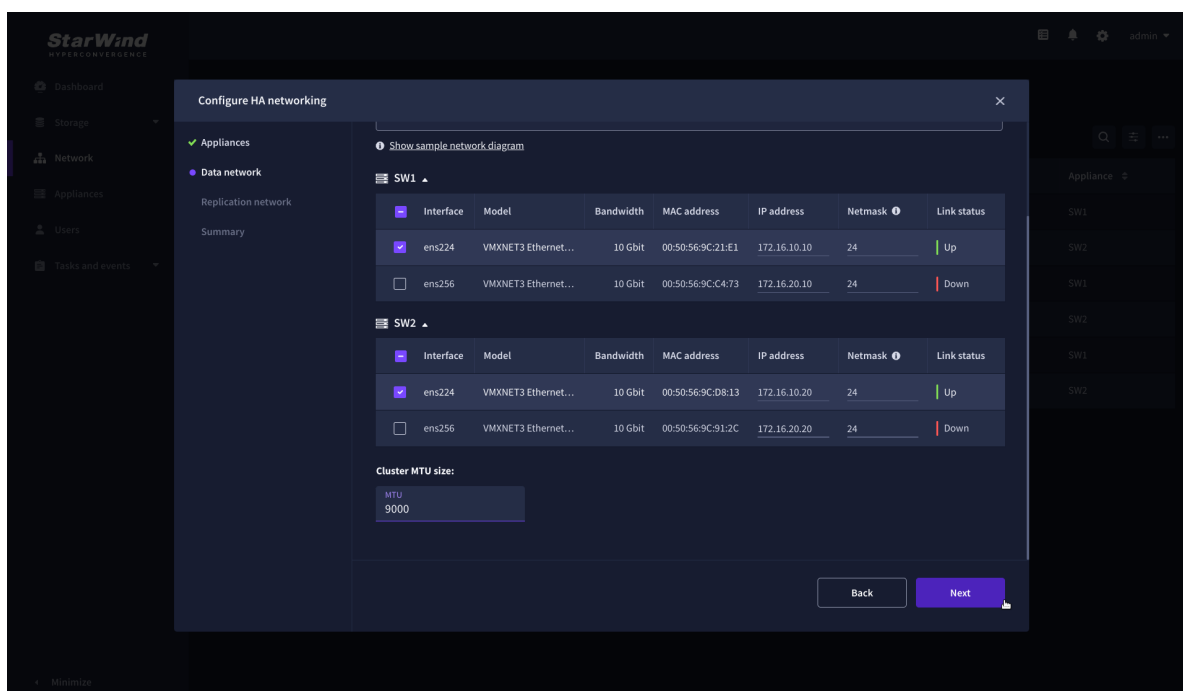
NOTE: the number of appliances to select is limited by your license, so can be either two or three appliances at a time.



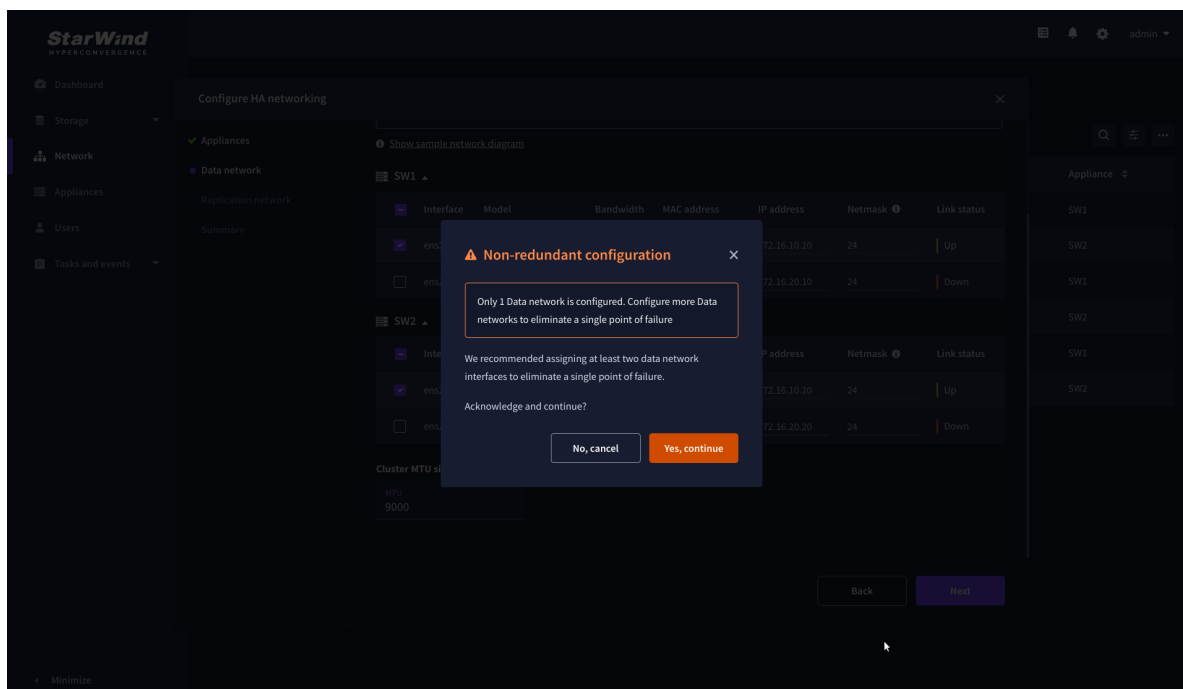
3. Configure the “Data” network. Select interfaces to carry storage traffic, configure them with static IP addresses in unique networks, and specify subnet masks:

- assign and configure at least one interface on each node
- for redundant configuration, select two interfaces on each node
- ensure interfaces are connected to client hosts directly or through redundant switches

4. Assign MTU value to all selected network adapters, e.g. 1500 or 9000. Ensure the switches have the same MTU value set.



5. Click Next to validate Data network settings.

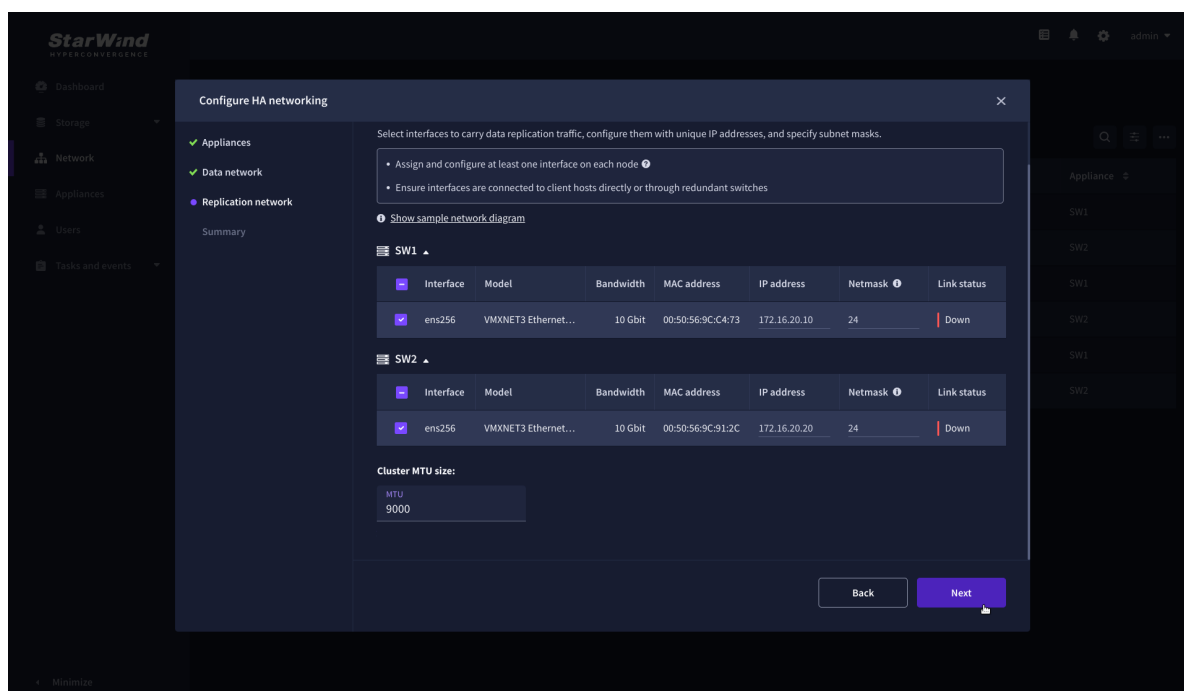


6. Configure the “Replication” network. Select interfaces to carry storage traffic, configure them with static IP addresses in unique networks, and specify subnet masks:

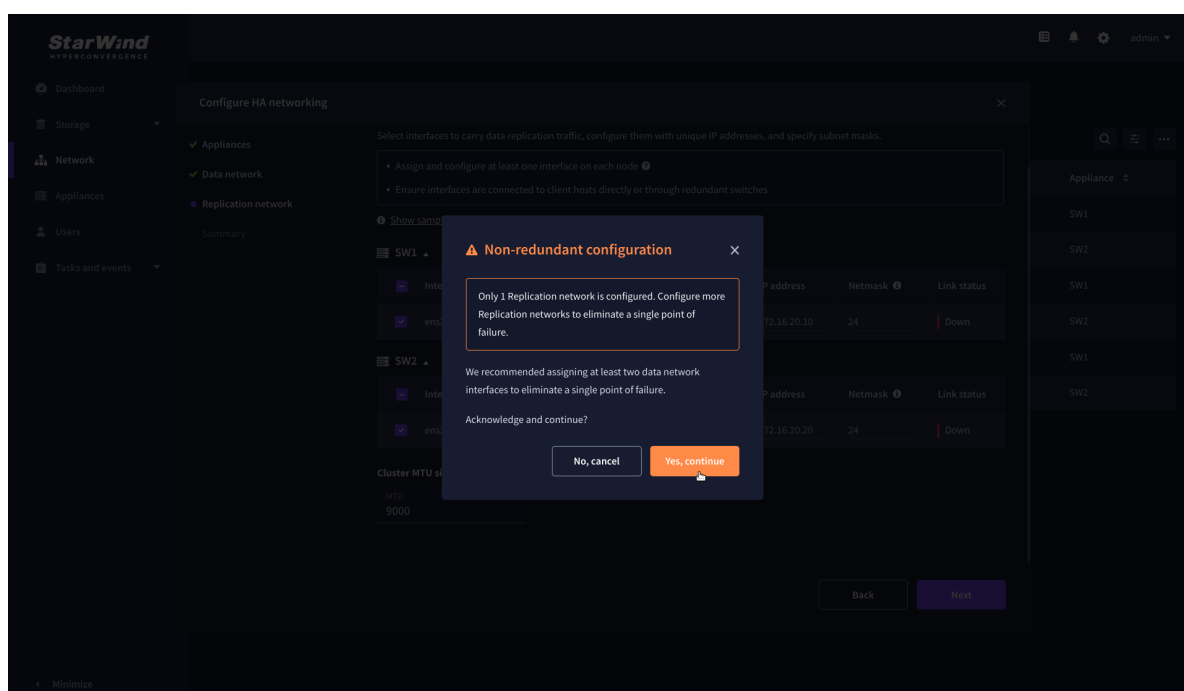
- assign and configure at least one interface on each node
- for redundant configuration, select two interfaces on each node

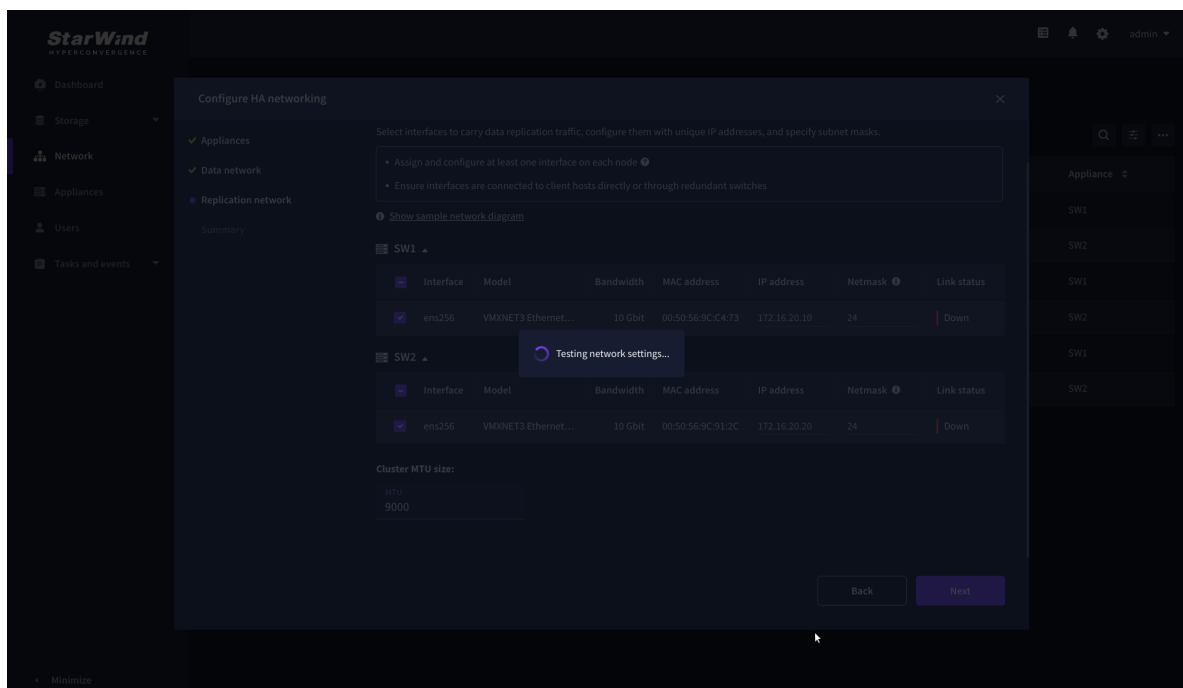
- ensure interfaces are connected to client hosts directly or through redundant switches

7. Assign MTU value to all selected network adapters, e.g. 1500 or 9000. Ensure the switches have the same MTU value set.

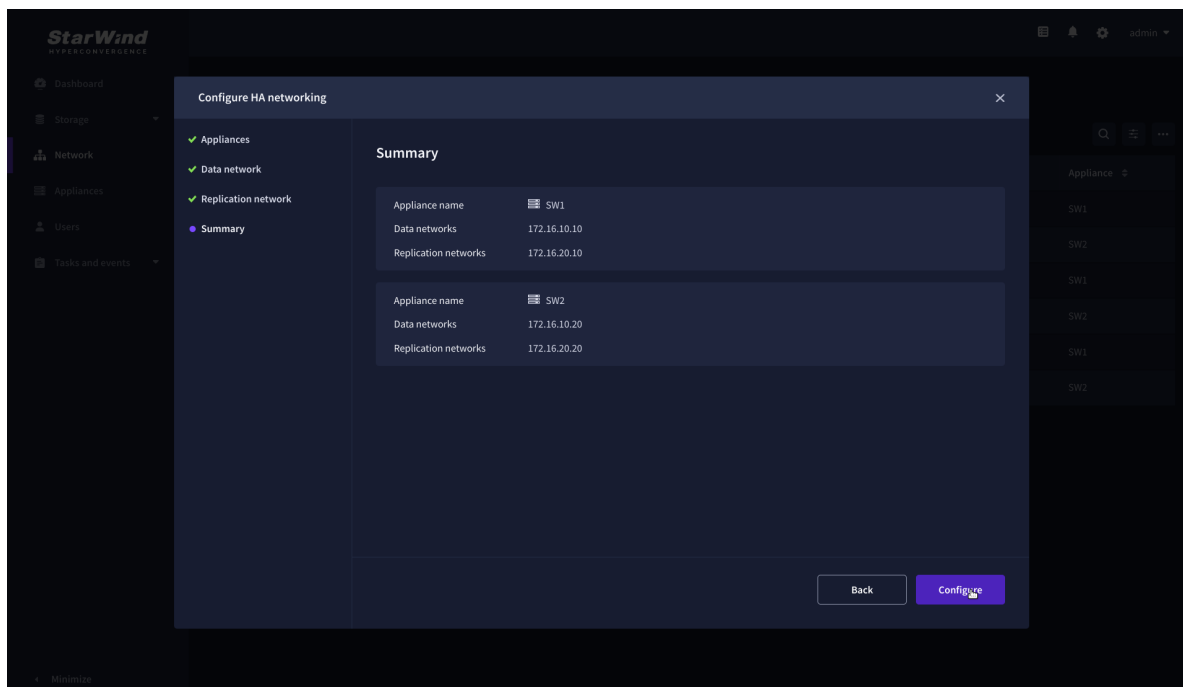


8. Click Next to validate the Replication network settings completion.





9. Review the summary and click Configure.



Add Physical Disks

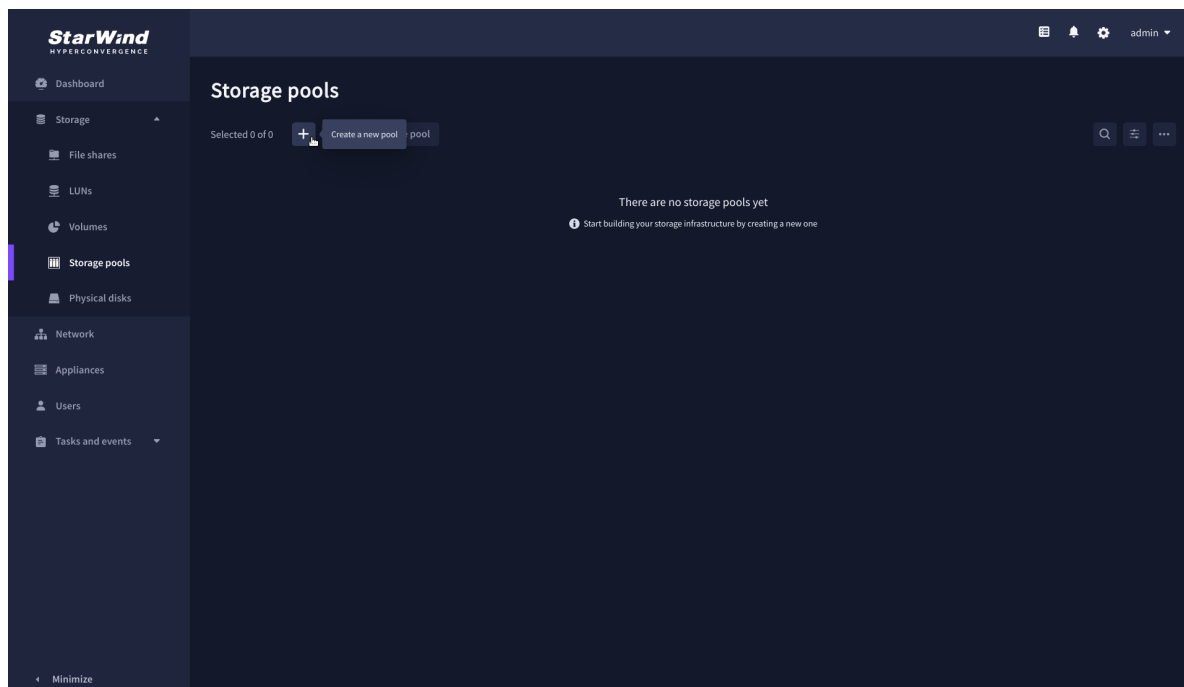
Attach physical storage to StarWind Virtual SAN Controller VM:

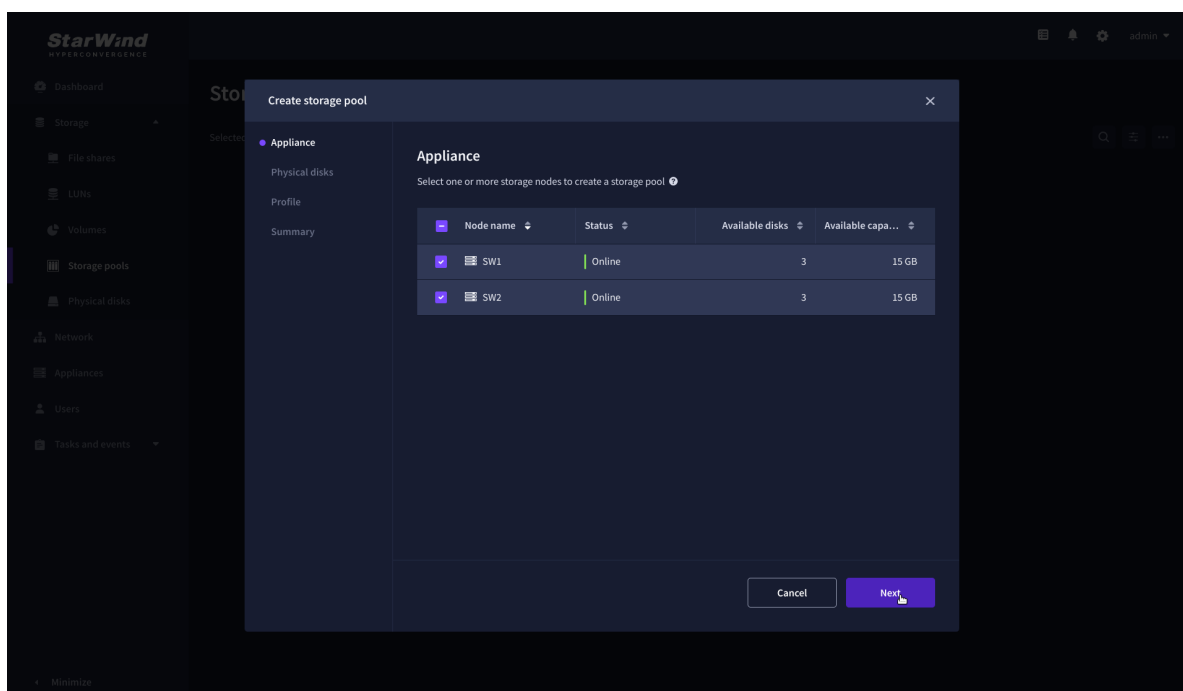
- Ensure that all physical drives are connected through an HBA or RAID controller.
- Deploy StarWind VSAN CVM on each server that will be used to configure fault-tolerant standalone or highly available storage.
- Store StarWind VSAN CVM on a separate storage device accessible to the hypervisor host (e.g., SSD, HDD).
- Add HBA, RAID controllers, or NVMe SSD drives to StarWind CVM via a passthrough device.

Learn more about storage provisioning guidelines in the [KB article](#).

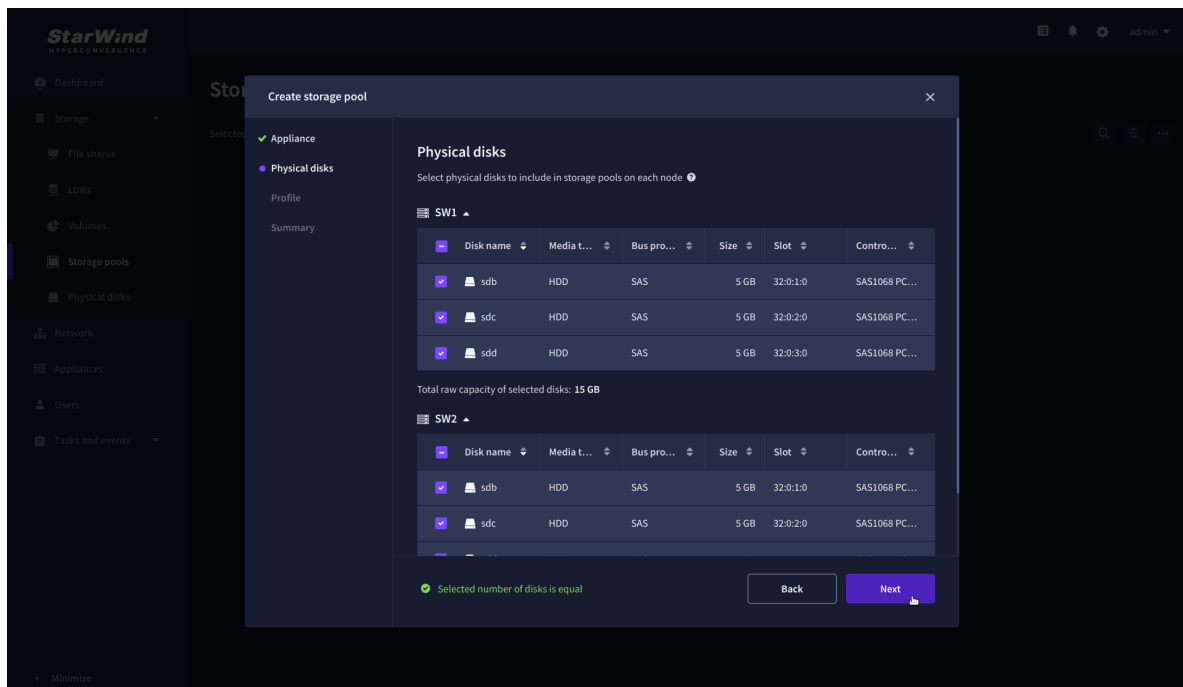
Create Storage Pool

1. Click the “Add” button to create a storage pool.
2. Select two storage nodes to create a storage pool on them simultaneously.

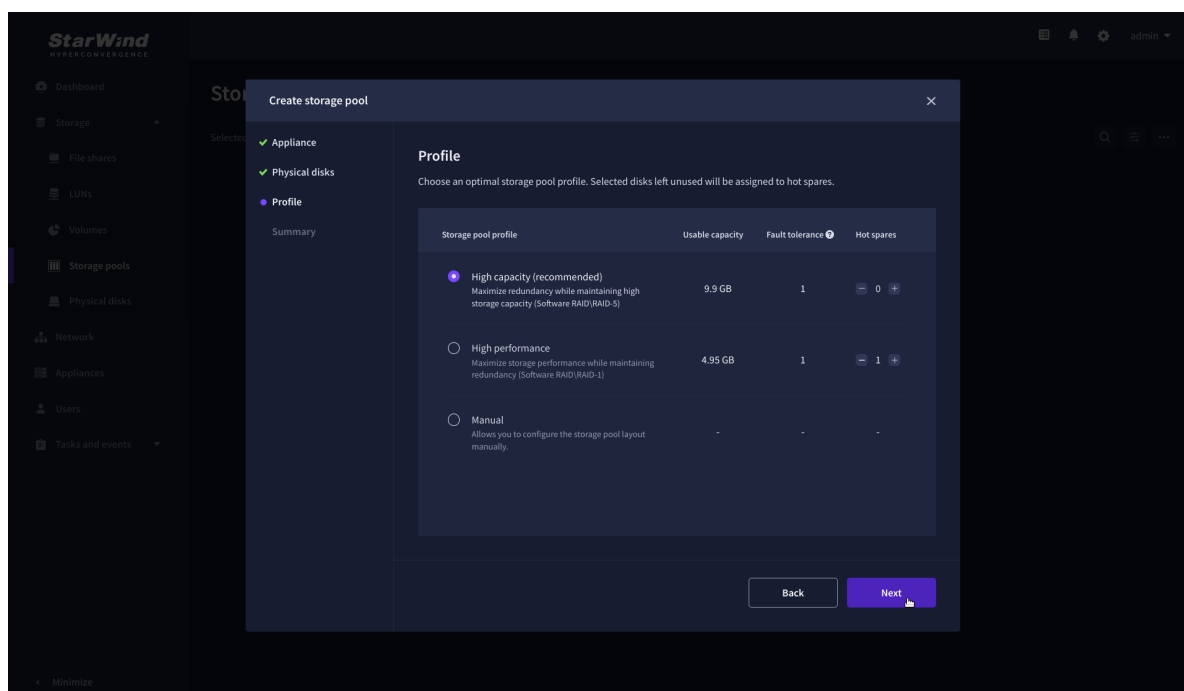




3. Select physical disks to include in the storage pool name and click the “Next” button.
NOTE: Select identical type and number of disks on each storage node to create identical storage pools.



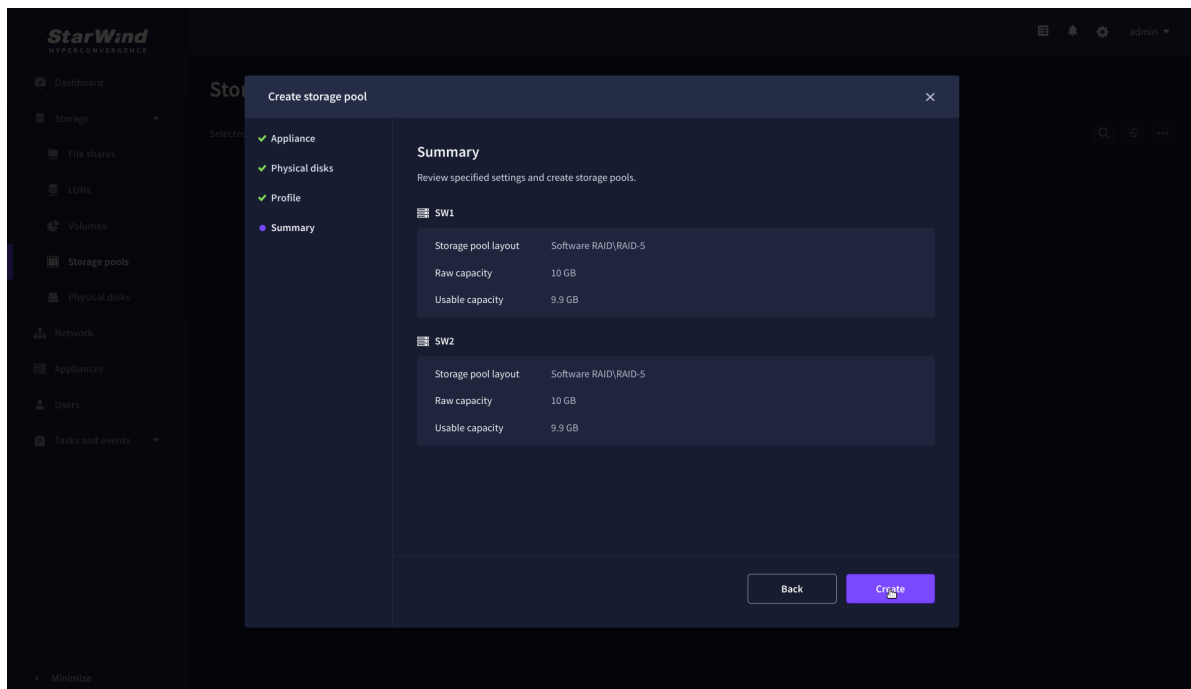
4. Select one of the preconfigured storage profiles or create a redundancy layout for the new storage pool manually according to your redundancy, capacity, and performance requirements.



Hardware RAID, Linux Software RAID, and ZFS storage pools are supported and integrated into the StarWind CVM web interface. To make easier the storage pool configuration, the preconfigured storage profiles are provided to configure the recommended pool type and layout according to the direct-attached storage:

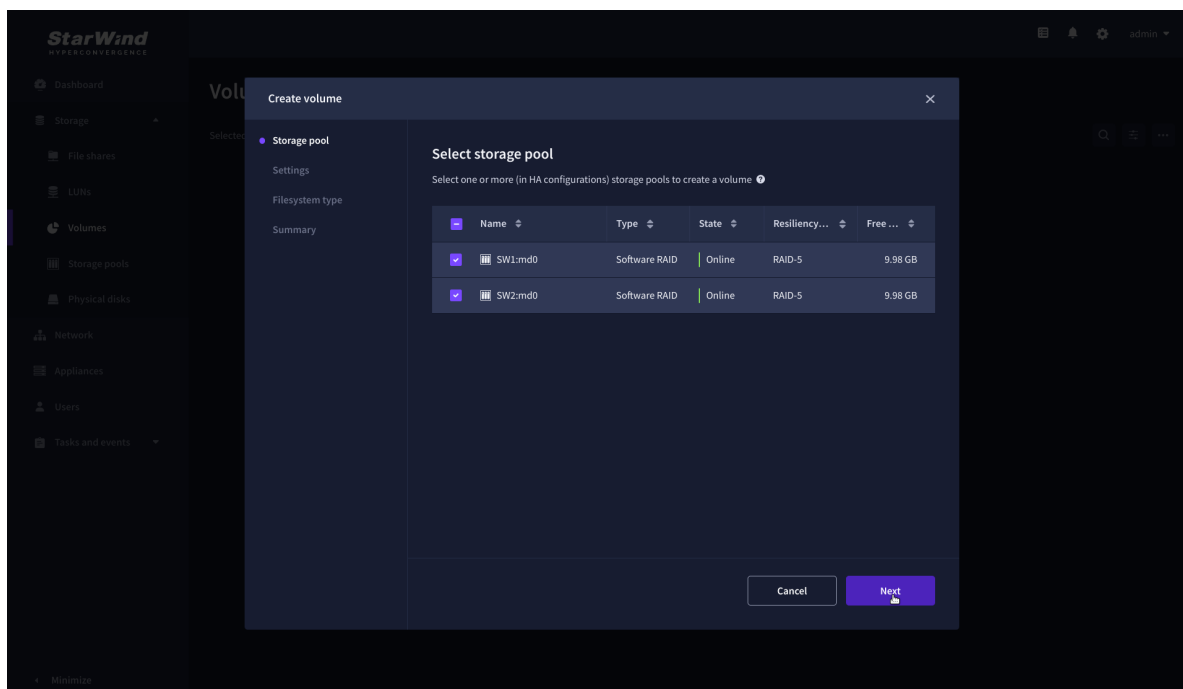
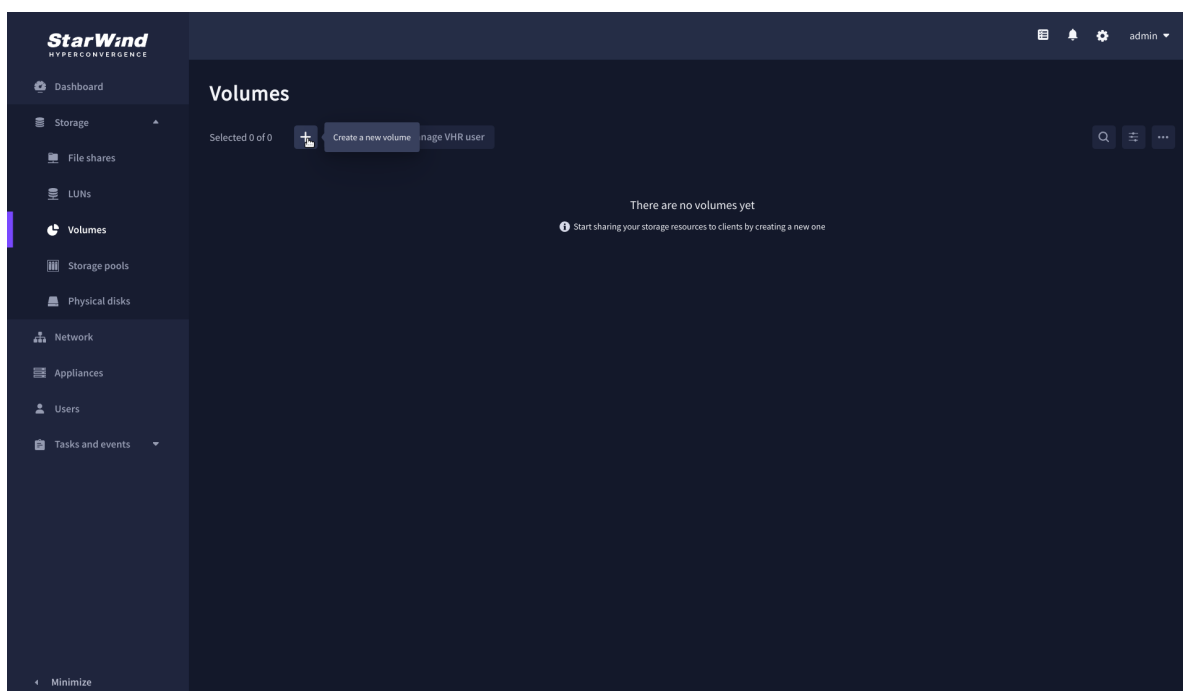
- hardware RAID – configures Hardware RAID’s virtual disk as a storage pool. It is available only if a hardware RAID controller is passed through to the CVM
- high performance – creates Linux Software RAID-10 to maximize storage performance while maintaining redundancy
- high capacity – creates Linux Software RAID-5 to maximize storage capacity while maintaining redundancy
- better redundancy – creates ZFS Stripped RAID-Z2 (RAID 60)) to maximize redundancy while maintaining high storage capacity
- manual – allows users to configure any storage pool type and layout with attached storage

5. Review “Summary” and click the “Create” button to create the pools on storage servers simultaneously.

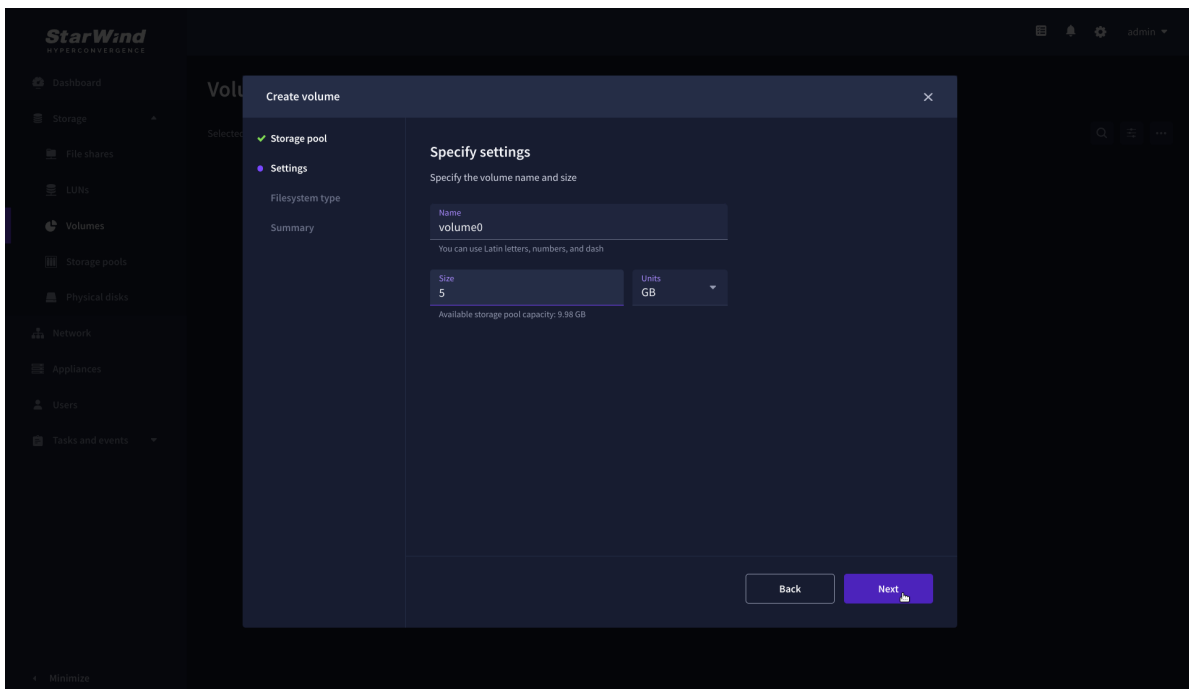


Create Volume

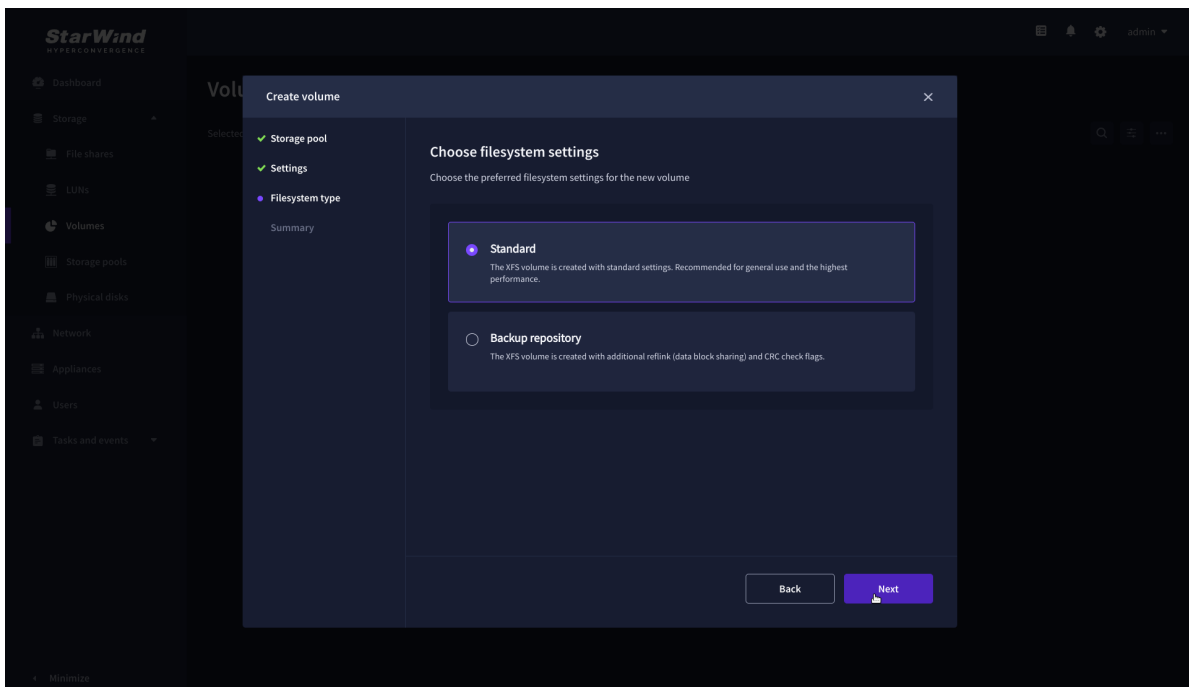
1. To create volumes, click the “Add” button.
2. Select two identical storage pools to create a volume simultaneously.



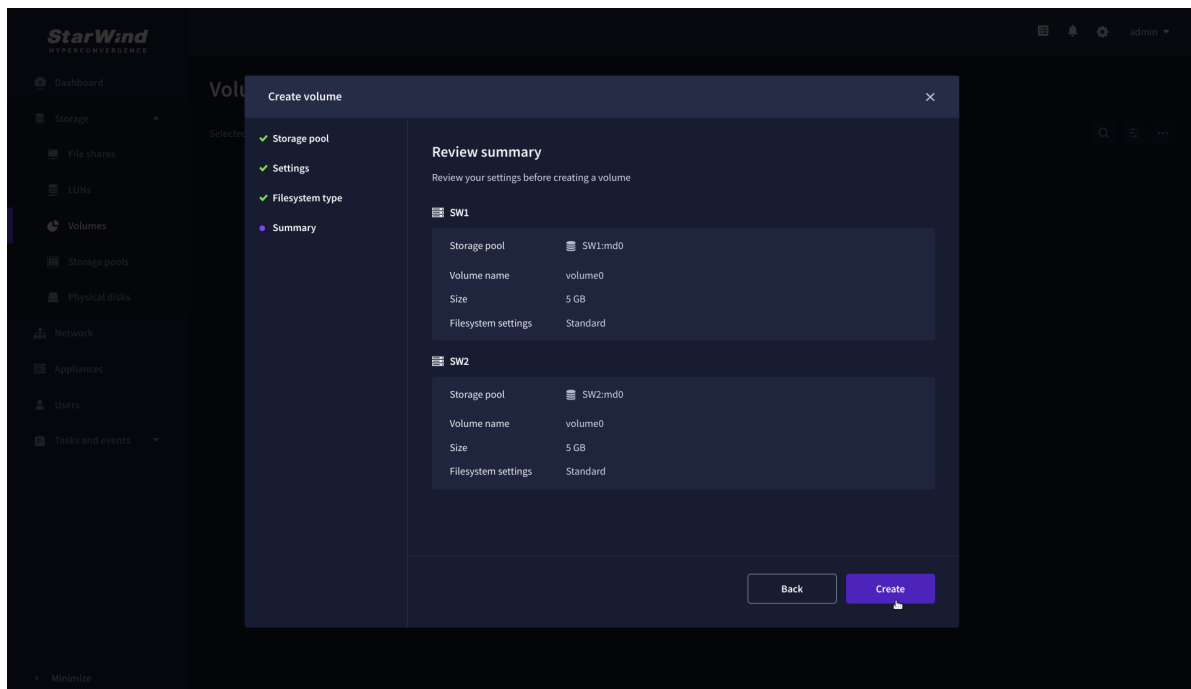
3. Specify volume name and capacity.



4. Select the Standard volume type.



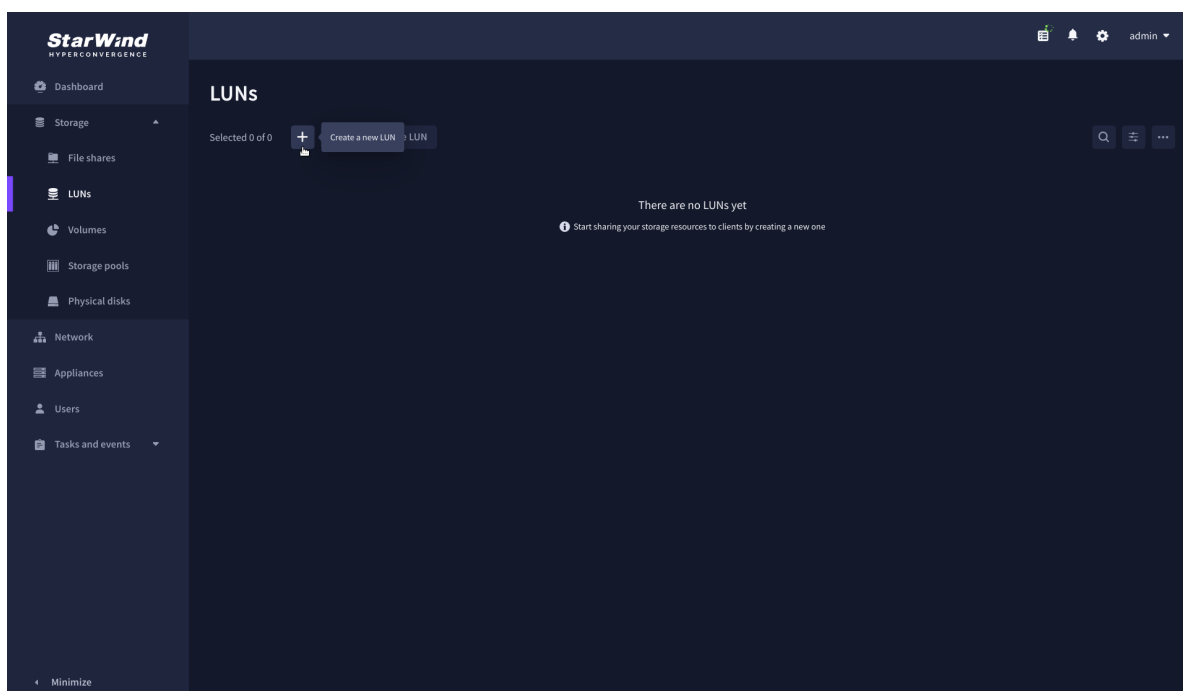
5. Review “Summary” and click the “Create” button to create the pool.



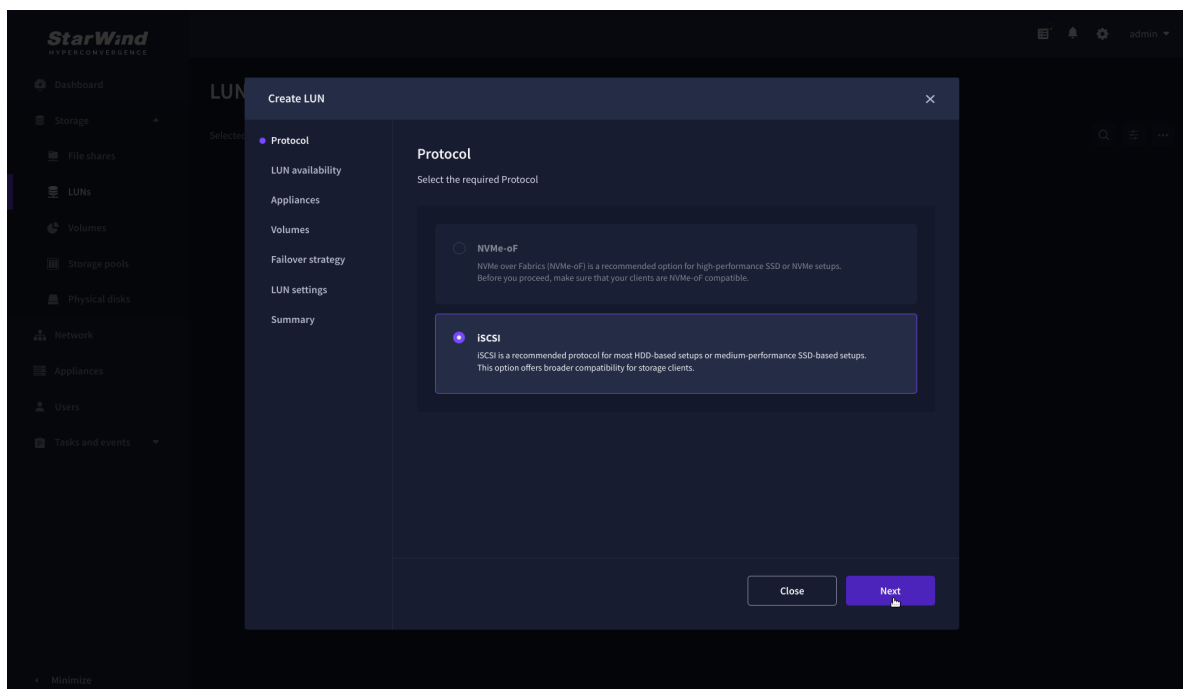
Create Ha Lun

The LUN availability for StarWind LUN can be Standalone and High availability (2-way or 3-way replication) and is narrowed by your license.

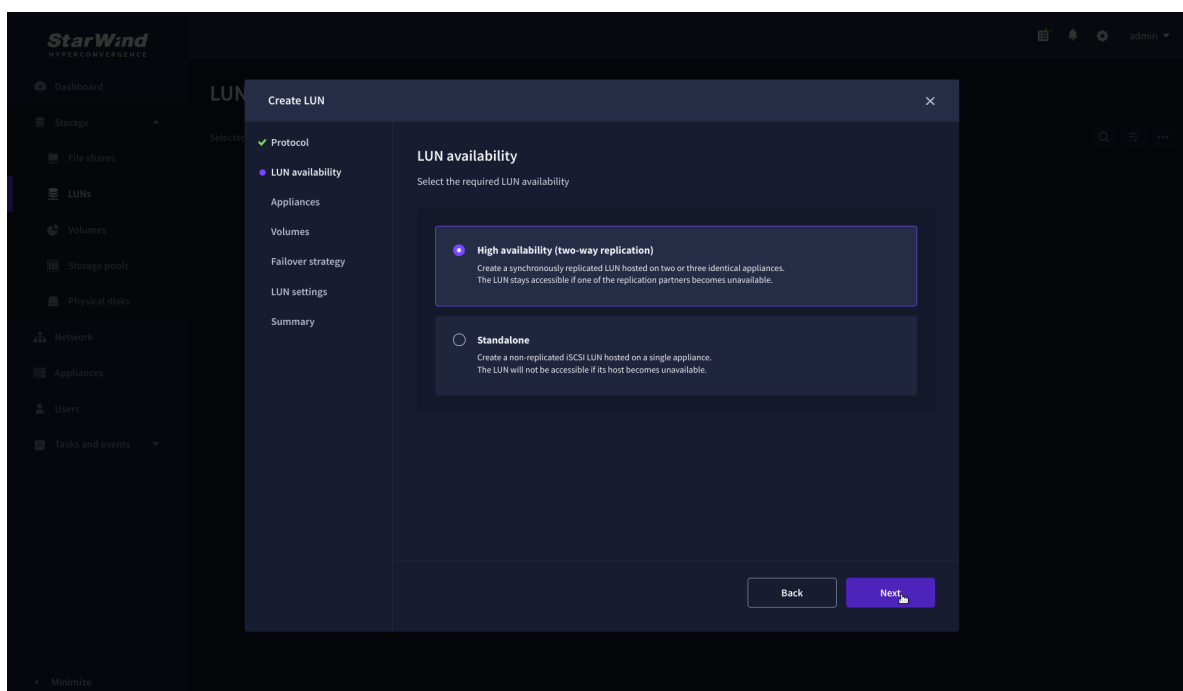
1. To create a virtual disk, click the Add button.



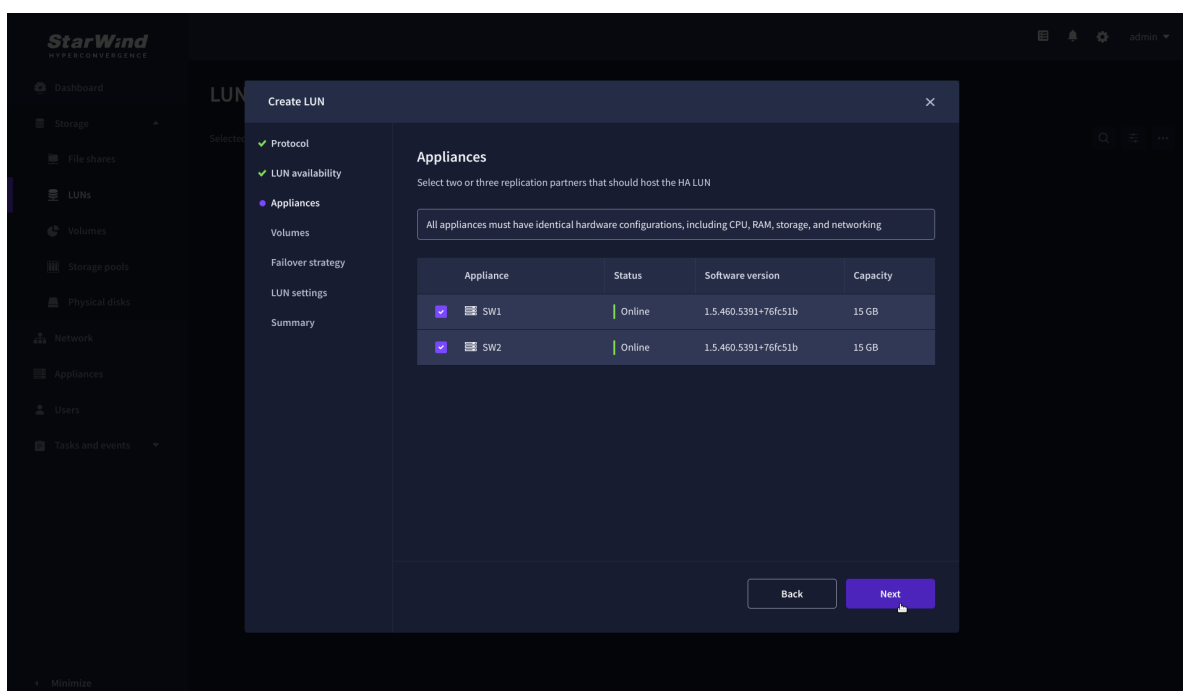
2. Select the protocol.



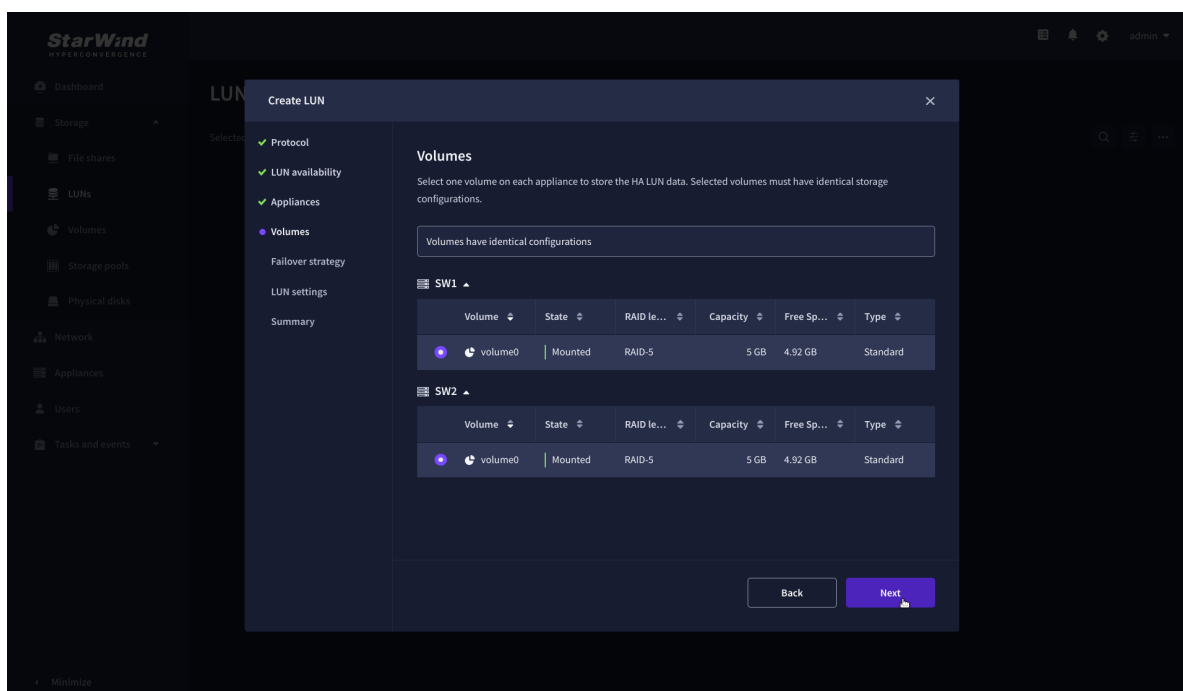
3. Choose the “High availability” LUN availability type.



4. Select the appliances that will host the LUN. Partner appliances must have identical hardware configurations, including CPU, RAM, storage, and networking.

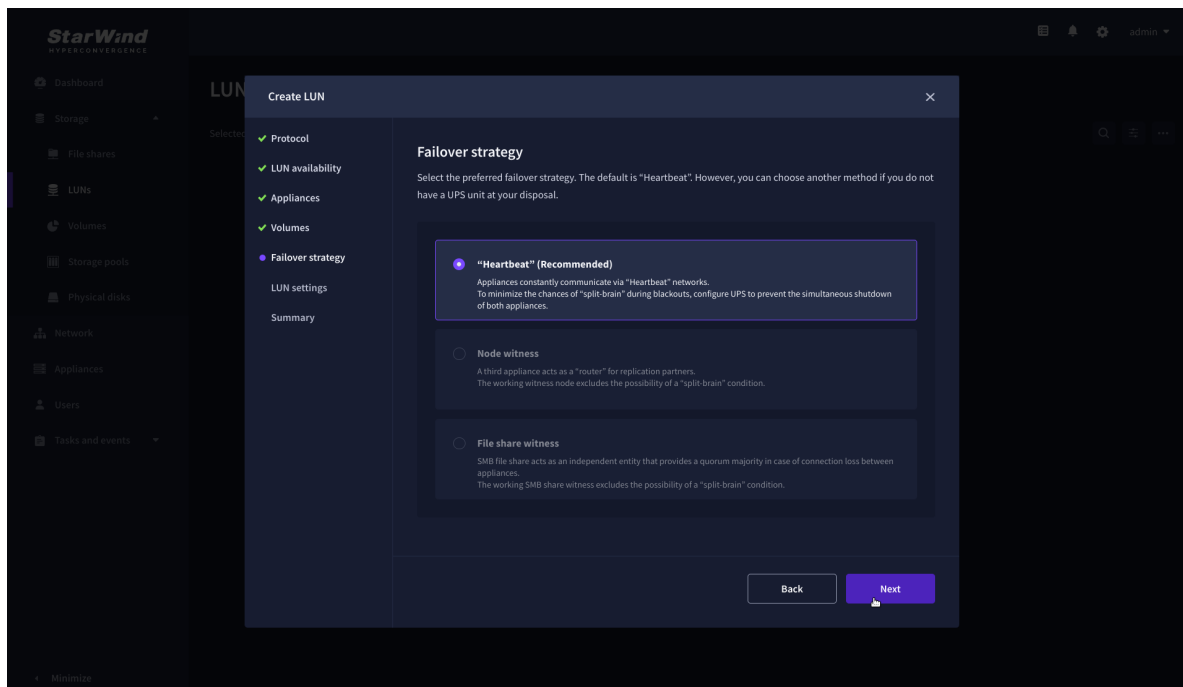


5. Select a volume to store the LUN data. Selected volumes must have identical storage configurations.

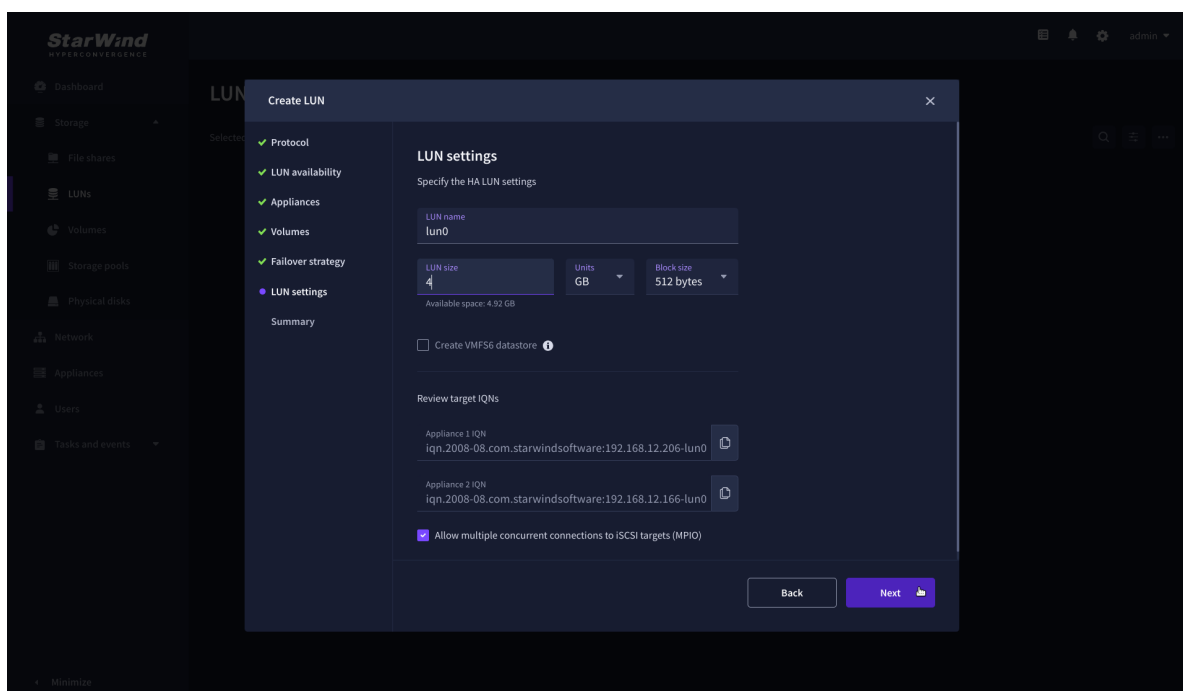


6. Select the “Heartbeat” failover strategy.

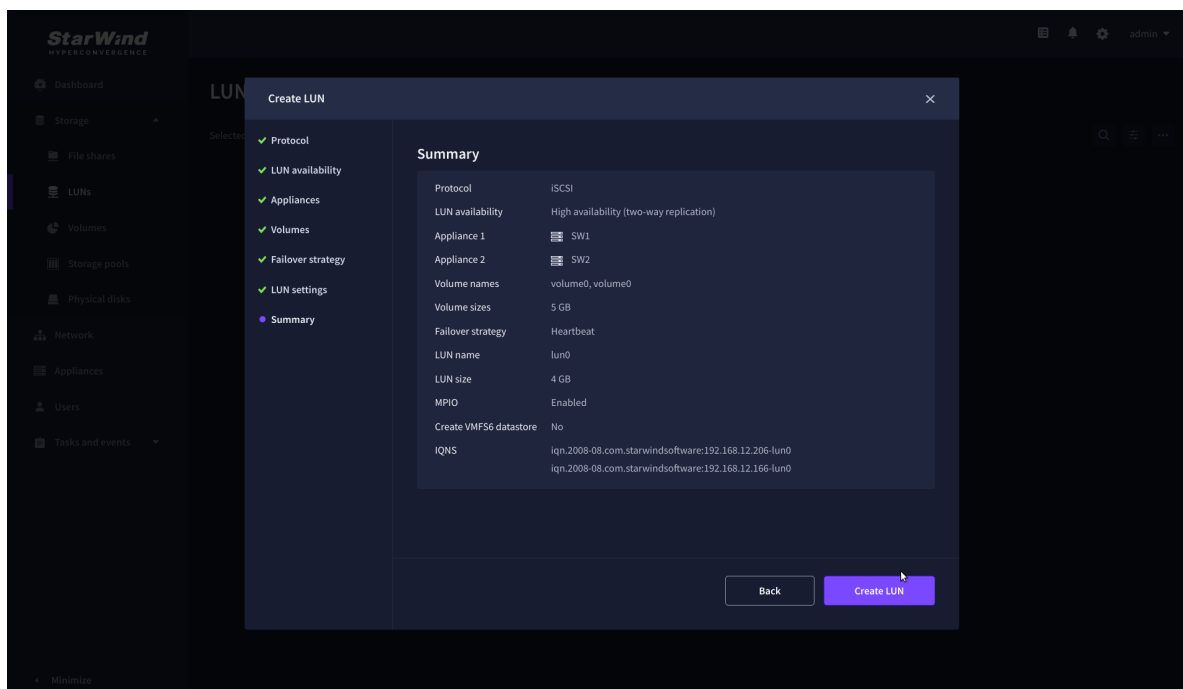
NOTE: To use the Node witness or the File share witness failover strategies, the appliances should have these features licensed.



7. Specify the HA LUN settings, e.g. name, size, and block size. Click Next.

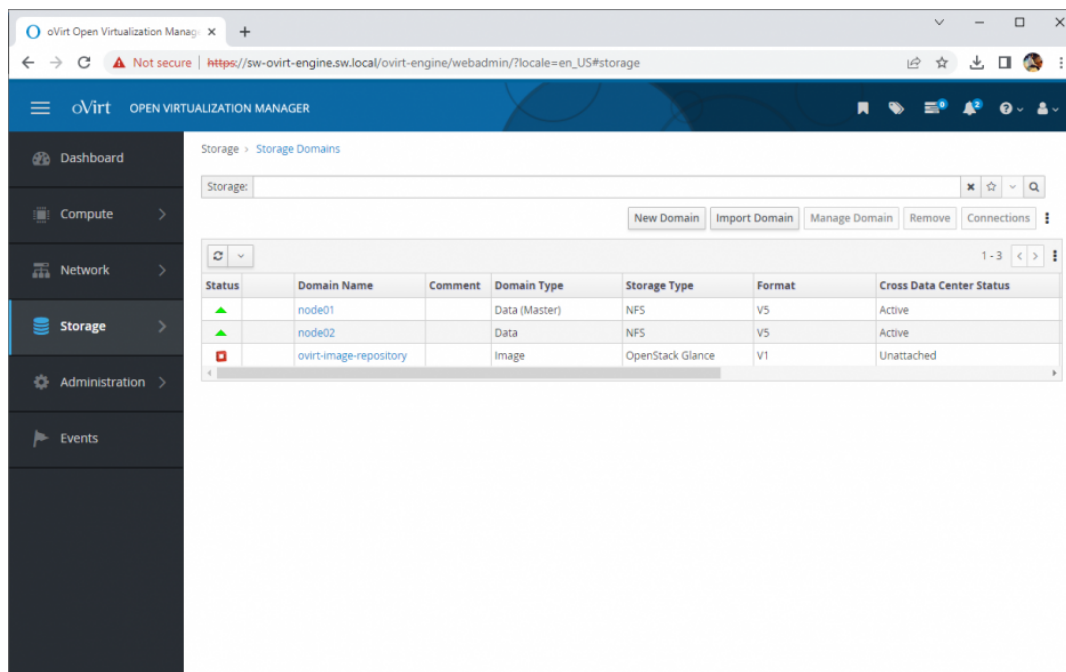


8. Review “Summary” and click the “Create” button to create the LUN.

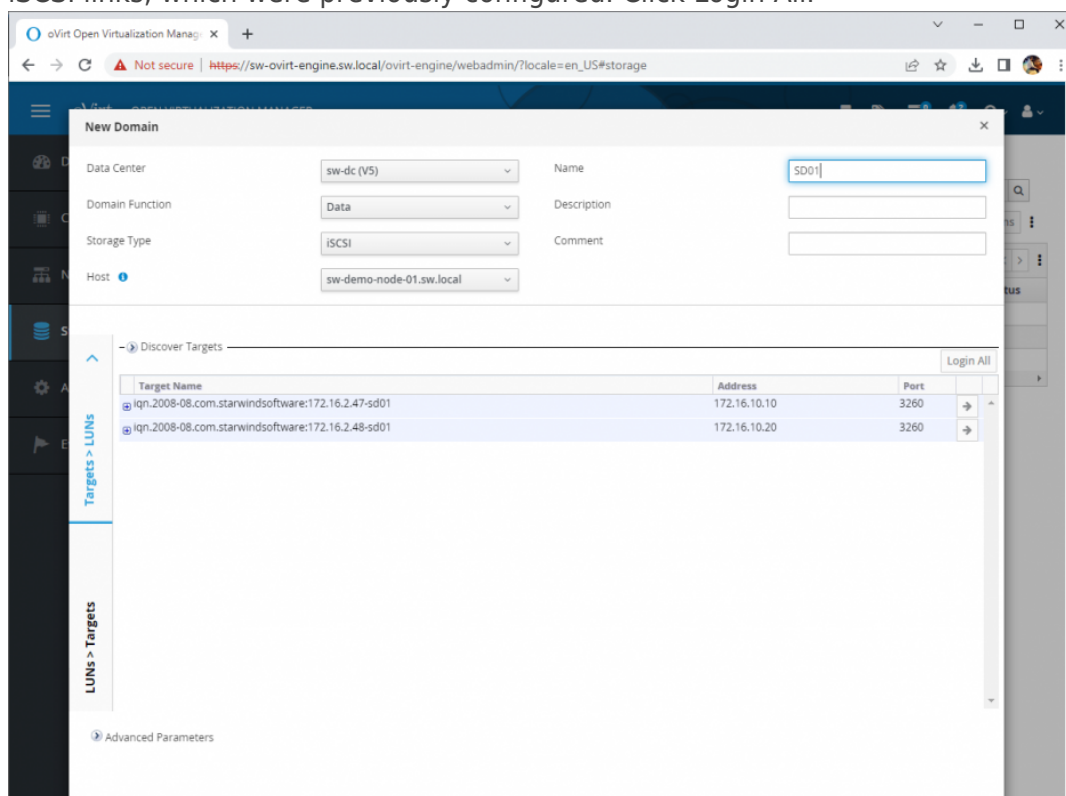


Provisioning Starwind Ha Storage To Hosts

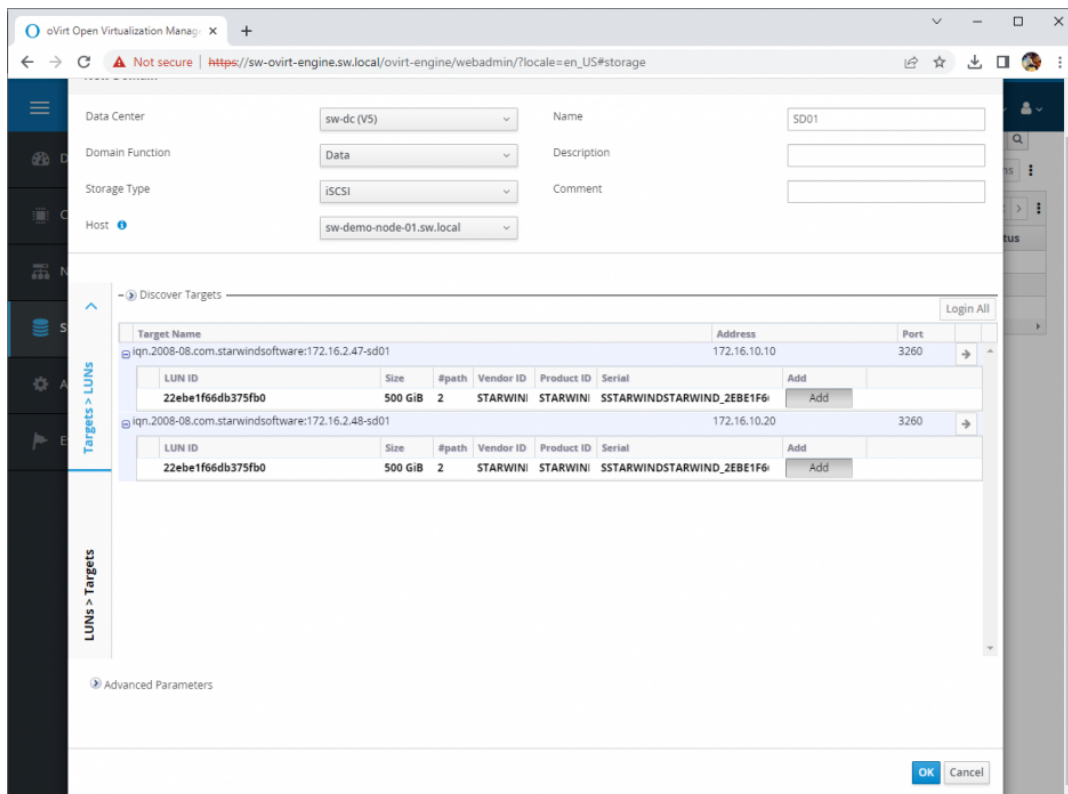
1. Login to Engine and open Storage -> Domain. Click New Domain.



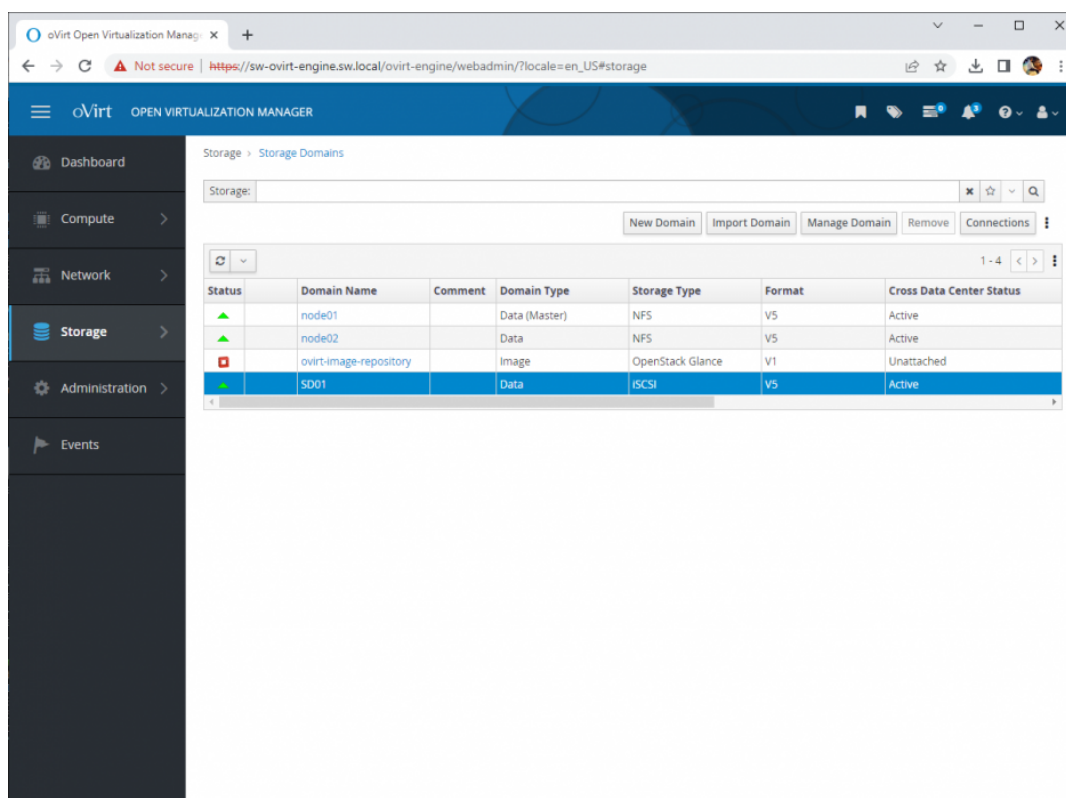
2. Choose Storage Type - iSCSI, Host and Name of Storage Domain. Discover targets via iSCSI links, which were previously configured. Click Login All.



3. Add LUN from each iSCSI target. Click OK.



4. Storage Domain will be added to the list of Domain and can be used as a storage for VMs.










5. Login to each host and verify that multipathing policy has been applied using the following command.

```
multipath -ll
```

```
[root@sw-demo-node-01 ~]# multipath -ll
22ebelf66db375fb0 dm-13 STARWIND,STARWIND
size=500G features='1 queue_if_no_path' hwhandler='1 alua' wp=rw
`-+- policy='round-robin 0' prio=50 status=active
   |- 16:0:0:0 sdb      8:16 active ready running
   |- 17:0:0:0 sdc      8:32 active ready running
```

Contacts

US Headquarters	EMEA and APAC
 +1 617 829 44 95	 +44 2037 691 857 (United Kingdom)
 +1 617 507 58 45	 +49 800 100 68 26 (Germany)
 +1 866 790 26 46	 +34 629 03 07 17 (Spain and Portugal)
	 +33 788 60 30 06 (France)

Customer Support Portal: <https://www.starwind.com/support>

Support Forum: <https://www.starwind.com/forums>

Sales: sales@starwind.com

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